



QuickBooks®

QuickBooks Basics

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1 Welcome

Welcome

Welcome to QuickBooks. Whether you've been running your business for years or are just starting out, having an organized, efficient way to manage your business can save you time, money, and a lot of frustration. Use this *QuickBooks Basics* guide to learn key tasks and get up and running as fast as possible.

Note: Since this guide covers multiple editions of QuickBooks, the name "QuickBooks" is used to refer to any of these editions. When information in this guide applies to a specific edition of QuickBooks, the specific edition name will be used.

What's in this guide?

- 4** Getting around QuickBooks
- 8** Key QuickBooks Concepts
- 13** Getting answers to your questions
- 19** Essential tasks
- 22** Setting up your business
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2 Learning QuickBooks

Getting Around QuickBooks¹

The QuickBooks work area, shown in Figure 1, is designed to enable you to complete tasks quickly. QuickBooks provides several ways for you to work; choose the method that works best for you.

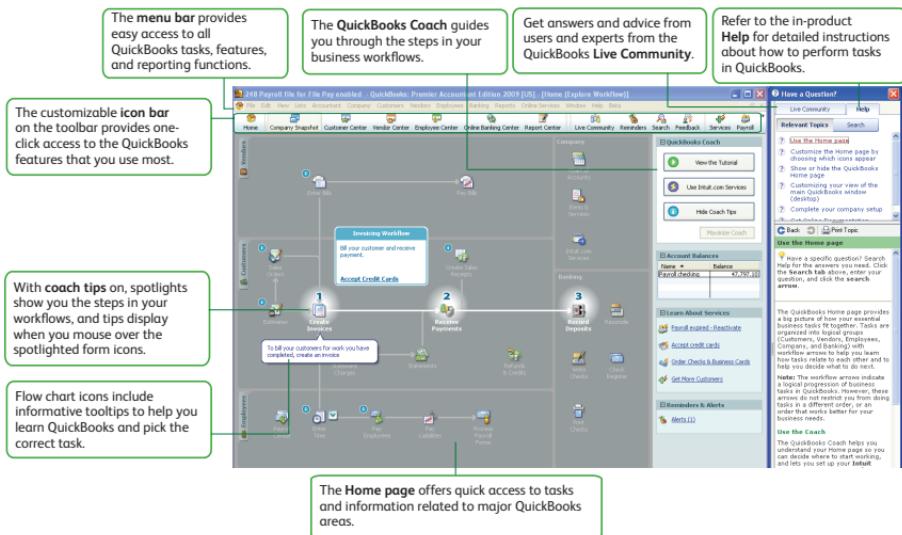


Figure 1. The QuickBooks work area

Using the Home page to move around in QuickBooks

When you open a company file in QuickBooks, the Home page is displayed automatically. The QuickBooks Home page provides a big picture of how all your essential business tasks fit together. Tasks are organized into logical categories (Customers, Vendors, Employees, Company, and Banking) with workflow arrows to help you learn how tasks relate to each other and to help you decide what to do next.

Note: *The workflow arrows indicate a logical progression of business tasks in QuickBooks. However, these arrows do not restrict you from doing tasks in a different order, or an order that works better for your business needs.*

To start a task, simply click the icon for the task you want to do. For example, to create an invoice, click the **Invoices** icon.

To return to the Home page, click the **Home** button on the icon bar.

1. Screenshots in this section are for illustrative purposes only, and vary among versions of QuickBooks.

The Home page also provides a quick glance about the state of your business. You can see your current account balances, updated automatically as you do work in QuickBooks, in the **Account Balances** list.

The Home page you see has been customized to display only those tasks and features that you use, based on the questions you answer in the EasyStep Interview. Functions you don't need won't clutter your workspace. However, to add these functions later, you can turn them on in preferences. Go to the **Edit** menu and click **Preferences**. Click the **Desktop View** option and then click the **Company Preferences** tab.

If you're a new business owner or new to QuickBooks, the QuickBooks Coach will walk you through the business flows you see on your Home page. The QuickBooks Coach uses spotlights and tips to explain each step in your workflow. Turn coach tips on and then mouse over and click the Coach icons (i) to see tips and spotlights.

Getting a real-time view of your business

With the Company Snapshot, QuickBooks provides you quick access to a real-time view of your business on one page, including a trend graph of your income and expenses, your account balances, customers who owe you money, vendors you need to pay. The company snapshot is also fully customizable. You can add, remove and move data around to make it right for your business. To open the Company Snapshot go to the **Company** menu and click **Company Snapshot**.



Figure 2. The Company Snapshot gives you a real-time view of your business

Did You Know?

Customizing the desktop

You can modify the way the QuickBooks desktop behaves and looks to suit your working style. To modify the QuickBooks desktop, choose the **Edit** menu and choose **Preferences**.

Customizing the icon bar

You can add, rearrange, and remove shortcuts from the icon bar to suit your needs. To modify the icon bar, go to the **View** menu and then click the **Customize Icon Bar**.

Too many windows open?

If your QuickBooks work area becomes too cluttered with windows that you have open, you can close them all at once instead of closing them one at a time. To close all open windows, go to the **Window** menu and click **Close All**.

Using the sample company files

QuickBooks includes several sample company files that you can practice with to enter pretend data, run reports, and explore QuickBooks features.

To open a sample company file, choose the **File** menu, choose **Open or Restore Company**, and then select a sample company file from the list.

Finding your data in the QuickBooks Centers

QuickBooks includes Customer, Vendor, and Employee Centers where you can view and manage all of your customer, vendor, and employee information and transactions. You can go to one of the QuickBooks Centers by clicking the appropriate button in the icon bar (on the left side of the toolbar).



Customer Center

The Customer Center, shown in Figure 3, is a lens into all your customer information. Without having to sift through multiple screens, you can view a list of all your customers and see pertinent information for each of them. Click on a customer's name and you'll immediately see all the activity you've had with them as well as their pertinent contact information (phone number, fax number, and payment terms).

You can use the Customer Center to find out how much money a specific customer owes you or to view a list of all your customers with open balances. You can also look at all your customer transactions (estimates, sales orders, invoices, credit memos, refunds, etc.) across all of your customer in the Transactions list rather than having to run separate reports.

The screenshot shows the QuickBooks Pro 2010 interface with the Customer Center selected. On the left, the 'Customers & Jobs' list is displayed, showing a table of customers with columns for Name, Balance, Total, and Attach. A specific customer, 'Bob Crenshaw', is highlighted. On the right, a detailed customer record is shown for 'Bob Crenshaw'. The record includes fields for Customer Name, Company Type, Company Name, Billing Address, Notes, and a 'Reports for this Customer' section. Below the customer record, a transaction history table is shown with columns for Type, Num, Date, Account, and Amount. The table lists various transactions such as payments, invoices, and credit memos.

Easily access your customer's contact information and any notes on that customer.

Easily add customers and jobs. Create new transactions (estimates, invoices, sales orders).

Click a customer in the Customers & Jobs list to view useful data.

Use the Transactions tab to find, sort, and filter all your transactions across all of your customers.

View all of your past transactions with this customer, or filter this list to display only one type of transaction, like overdue invoices.

Type	Num	Date	Account	Amount
Payment	2109	12/12/2012	Unspecified Funds	200.00
Invoice	FC 8	12/10/2012	Accounts Receivable	16.03
Invoice	135	11/25/2012	Accounts Receivable	1,575.00
Payment	6568	11/19/2012	Unspecified Funds	1,459.09
Payment	325	11/10/2012	Unspecified Funds	700.00
Payment	5799	10/21/2012	Checking	550.00
Invoice	73	10/20/2012	Accounts Receivable	1,659.00
Invoice	67	10/11/2012	Accounts Receivable	1,250.00

Figure 3. View and manage customers, vendors, and employees with the QuickBooks Centers

Vendor Center

The Vendor Center gives you a complete picture of where your money is going. From one screen, you can see all your vendors and exactly what you owe them. Simply click a vendor's name to view your entire history with that vendor. You no longer need to run separate reports to see exactly how much business you're doing with each individual vendor. And, you can sort your bills by due date so you can stay on top of your finances.

If you need to talk to a vendor, click the vendor's name and you'll see all their contact information. If a vendor calls you to follow up on a late payment, you can quickly look up the bill and see when you paid it and what the check number was.

Employee Center

From the Employee Center, you can see exactly what you're paying each employee. Simply click an employee's name to view that person's payroll history. And if you need to get in touch with an employee, their contact information is right in front of you.

Payroll Center

If you subscribe to one of the QuickBooks Payroll services (additional fees apply), the Employee Center includes a Payroll Center. Use the Payroll Center to manage your payroll and payroll compliance.²

The Payroll Center is the hub for managing all payroll activities. The Payroll Center reminds you of important payroll dates so you pay your employees, pay your payroll liabilities, and file forms on time.

To check out the Payroll Center, click the **Employee Center** icon on the icon bar and then click the **Payroll** tab.

Displaying multiple windows or one window

QuickBooks is preset to show multiple windows at a time. By doing so, you can easily navigate between tasks as well as compare data in multiple windows. When you open a window, it opens to a preset size and location. You can resize and move each window as you see fit.

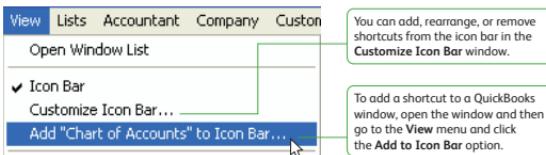
Depending on how you size or arrange the windows, some windows might not be visible. Use the **Window** menu to view a list of the open windows. Simply click the window name in the list to bring it to the front.

Alternatively, you can open the **Open Window List** to have the list of open windows always visible on the left side of the QuickBooks application window. If you prefer to view only one window at a time, go to the **View** menu and click **One Window**.

². QuickBooks Payroll Services require subscription, Employer Identification Number (EIN), and Internet access for certain features, including tax table updates and direct deposit.

Adding icons to the icon bar

For quick access to the areas of QuickBooks you use most, you can customize the icon bar by adding many of the features and reports that you use most frequently.



Note: Some QuickBooks windows cannot be added to the icon bar.

Key QuickBooks Concepts

To take full advantage of QuickBooks, there are some important concepts you need to understand.

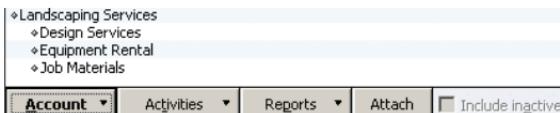
How to work with QuickBooks lists

Lists are one of the important building blocks that make QuickBooks so powerful and efficient. QuickBooks uses list information to fill out most QuickBooks forms. For example, to create an invoice, you choose the customer name from your Customers & Jobs list.

QuickBooks automatically enters the customer information on the form for you. This saves you time and prevents typing errors. You can also change the information directly on the form as needed. Lists are easy to set up in QuickBooks, but do require careful planning.

Depending on the type of list you want to use, you can get to the list in one of two ways:

- **QuickBooks Centers:** Your Customers & Jobs, Vendors, and Employees lists are available in the Customer, Vendor, and Employee Center, respectively. Click the appropriate QuickBooks Center button on the icon bar to go to a QuickBooks Center.
- **List windows:** Other lists, such as the Chart of Accounts and Item List, appear in separate windows. To view one of these lists, click the **Lists** menu and then click the list you want. To enter information in these lists, use the menu button at the bottom of the list to add, edit, or delete list items. The menu also provides access to common features associated with the list.



The more detail you enter for each list item, the more information QuickBooks can use to pre-populate forms, track financial data, and display useful reports about your business. Another advantage of lists is that common tasks like adding list entries, editing list information, and deleting list entries are performed the same way.

Figure 4 illustrates how QuickBooks uses list information across multiple windows and tasks to simplify data entry and to give you a complete picture of how your business is doing.

1. Use the Customer Center to view customer data. Click New Customer & Job to add a customer to your list.

2. Enter customer information in the New Customer window.

3. The information for the new customer appears in the Customers & Jobs list.

4. Pick a customer name from the list and choose to create an invoice from the New Transactions menu. The customer information is entered automatically.

5. Enter transaction details in the New Transaction window.

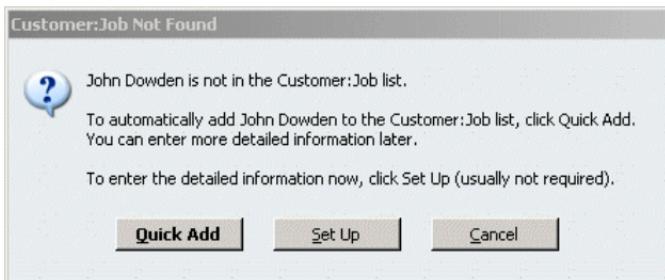
6. The transaction appears in the Customers & Jobs list.

Figure 4. How QuickBooks reuses list information to make your life easier

Entering list information as you work

There are two basic methods you can use to enter list information in QuickBooks. You can enter account, customer, vendor, product, and service information before you enter transactions in QuickBooks, or you can enter this information "on the fly" as you use the product.

If you prefer to enter information as you use QuickBooks to perform your daily tasks, QuickBooks prompts you to immediately set up any entry it does not know about. For example, if you try to create an invoice for a customer named John Dowden and you have not entered information about John Dowden into QuickBooks, QuickBooks will prompt you:



Clicking **Quick Add** creates a new customer list entry for John Dowden in the **Customers & Jobs** list and adds all the information you enter about the customer on the invoice form (billing address, payment terms, taxable status).

Clicking **Set Up** takes you to another window where you can enter information not covered by the invoice. For example, you could click **Set Up** to enter John Dowden's phone number, fax number, and credit limit.

Add/edit multiple list entries

You can also enter lists of customers, vendors, and items using the Add/Edit Multiple List Entries window.

Steps at the top of the page guide you through the process; you can also watch the tutorial to see how to add multiple list items.

A screenshot of the "Add/Edit Multiple List Entries" window. The title bar has the window name and standard minimize, maximize, and close buttons. The main area has three numbered steps: 1. Select a list, 2. Customize columns to display, 3. Paste from Excel or type to add to or modify your list. A "See how to quickly update your lists" link is also present. On the left, there are dropdown menus for "List" (set to "Customers") and "Current View" (set to "Active Customers"). Below these are buttons for "New", "Edit", "Delete", and "Find". There is also a "Customize Columns" button. The central part of the window shows a table with columns: Name, Mr. Mrs., First Name, M.I., and Last Name. The "Name" column contains rows for "Inventory Parts" and "Non-inventory Parts". The "Mr. Mrs." column contains "Mr. Mrs.". The "First Name" column contains "Inventory". The "M.I." column contains "Parts". The "Last Name" column contains "Non-inventory".

To add multiple list entries:

- 1 From the menu bar, choose **Lists > Add/Edit Multiple List Entries** to open the **Add/Edit Multiple List Entries** window.
- 2 Click the **List** drop-down arrow and select the list you want to work with.
- 3 If you already have records in your list, you can filter it to see a particular record or set of records.
- 4 Optionally, choose which columns you want to see in the **Add/Edit Multiple List Entries** window by clicking **Customize Columns**. (This helps you focus on just the columns you want to work on.)
- 5 Add or edit entries in the list.
- 6 Click **Save Changes**.

Refer to the in-product Help for information on adding and editing multiple customers, vendors, and items to your lists.

Writing checks versus paying bills

In QuickBooks, you can manage your bills and payments in two ways:

Write checks to pay bills now. Use the **Write Checks** window and assign the amounts to appropriate expense accounts. This method is recommended when you don't receive a bill, such as when you go to the store and write a check and then you need to record that expense in QuickBooks. You can also use Write Checks to pay a bill as soon as you receive it, as long as you don't need to track the bill.

Enter bills when you receive them and pay them later.

Use the **Enter Bills** window to enter bills when you receive them. Then use the **Pay Bills** window to pay bills when they are due. You can set up QuickBooks to remind you to pay bills when they are due. Using this method, you keep your money in your business for as long as possible. You might still use a check to pay the bill, but this method enables you to track how much money you owe. And at any time, you can run reports to analyze unpaid bills for information such as which vendors you owe money.

Note: Do not simply write a check in the **Write Checks** window to pay bills that you entered in the **Enter Bills** window or the accounts payable registers.

Did You Know?

What happens when I record a bill payment?

If you paid by:

- **Check.** QuickBooks prepares one check for each vendor and records the checks in the check register with BILLPMT in the **Type** field.
- **Credit card.** QuickBooks records a charge for each vendor in your credit card register.
- **Cash.** QuickBooks records a payment for each vendor in your cash account register.

In each scenario, QuickBooks records the payment to each vendor in the accounts payable register. The amount you paid appears in the Payment column.

Figure 5 below illustrates the difference between writing checks versus entering and paying bills.

Receive bill from vendor

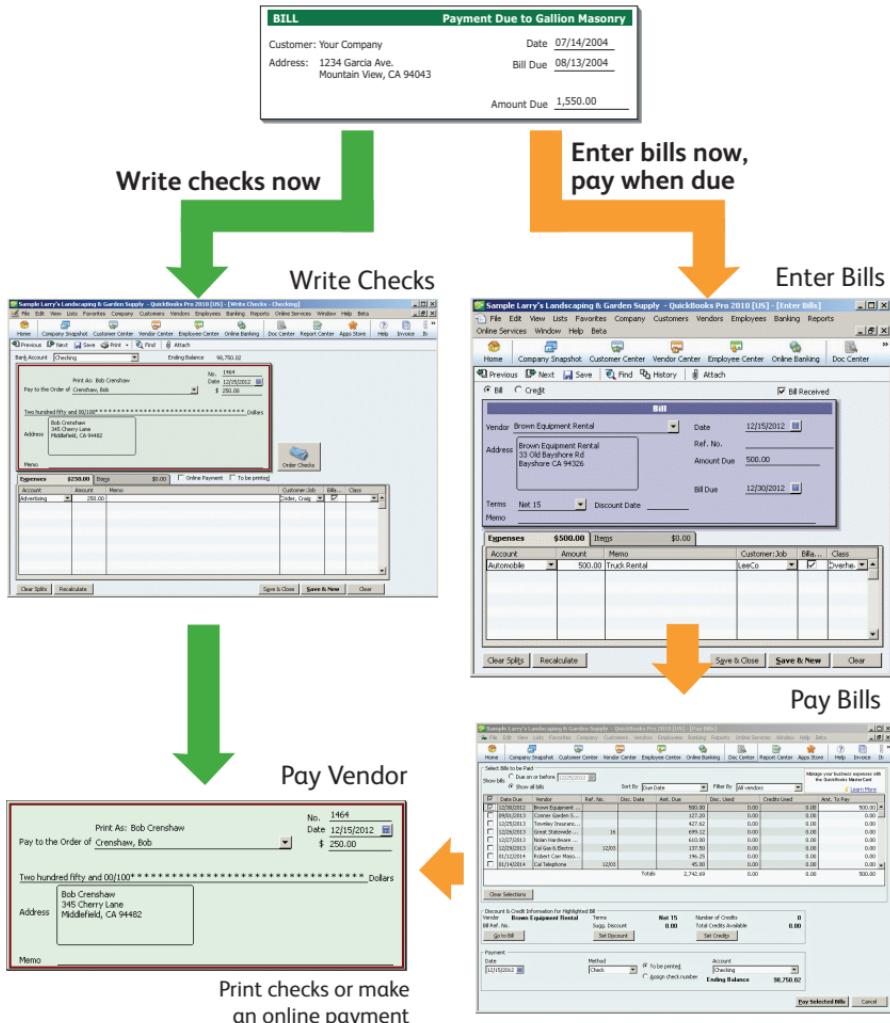


Figure 5. Writing checks versus entering and paying bills

Getting Answers to Your Questions

QuickBooks provides a variety of tools and resources to help you find answers to questions you might have when using the software. Available resources include:

Free help and support

- **QuickBooks Learning Center**³: The QuickBooks Learning Center provides a set of interactive tutorials you can use to learn about basic QuickBooks concepts and common tasks. Go to the **Help** menu and click **Learning Center Tutorials**.
- **In-product Help**: QuickBooks in-product Help provides context-sensitive Help as you are using the product. Keep the Help window open. As you use QuickBooks, the Relevant Topics section will automatically update to provide you with one-click access to Help on the most common questions for the QuickBooks window you are using. Go to the **Help** menu and click **QuickBooks Help**, or just click F1.
- **QuickBooks Live Community**²: We know that you have needs and questions that are specific to your business. Now you can ask other QuickBooks users and experts for help and get answers fast, right inside QuickBooks. With Live Community, you can ask your questions without stopping the work you're doing.

Not sure how to do something in QuickBooks? Need advice on how to set up a webstore? Need a tax question answered? Ask the Community. QuickBooks will even let you know when someone has answered your question so you don't have to keep remembering to check back. Go to the **Help** menu and click **Live Community**.

- **QuickBooks Knowledgebase**: Find the most recent information in our online QuickBooks Support Knowledgebase at www.quickbooks.com/support.
- Installation, upgrade and error message assistance is available free for 12 months after initial registration for questions submitted online. For more information, visit www.quickbooks.com/customercare.⁴

³. Internet access required for online services.

⁴. See details and terms and conditions of Installation, Upgrade, and Error Message Assistance at www.quickbooks.com/customercare. Questions must be submitted online at www.quickbooks.com/support to receive free support.

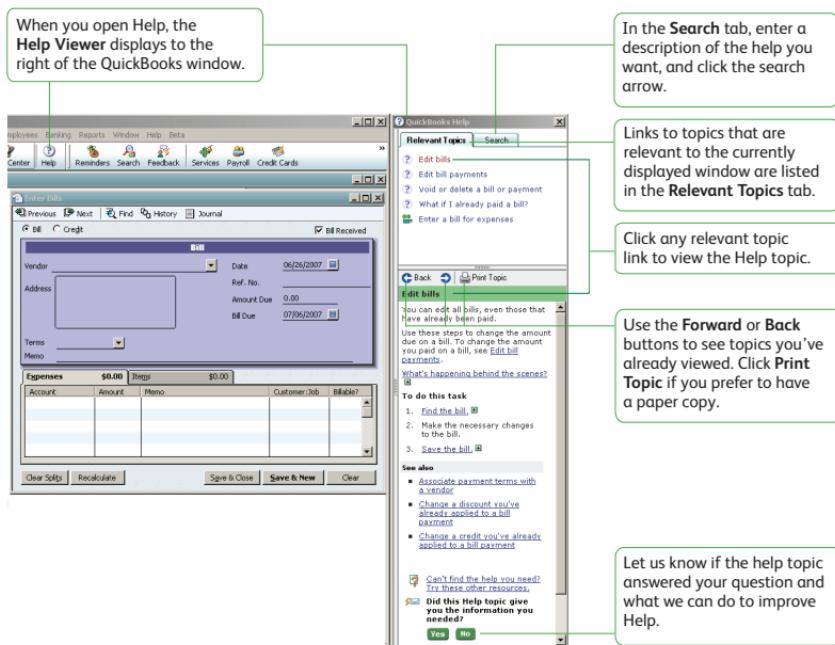
Paid support

- **QuickBooks Support Plans:** Get expert, personalized assistance when you need it and protection for your valuable financial data. Plans include 24/7 coverage for an unlimited number of “how to” questions and technical issues, Online Backup and Data Recovery services, and more.⁵ To learn about Support Plans, visit www.quickbooks.com/supportplaninfo. Fees apply. Technical support is also available on a per-call basis for a fee (One-Time Support). Go to www.quickbooks.com/contactsupport to learn more.
- Use a local Certified **QuickBooks ProAdvisor**® (see page 18 for details).
- Find the ideal training solution (fees apply) to help you learn and customize QuickBooks for your business at www.quickbooks.com/training.

Using in-product Help

QuickBooks in-product Help provides background information and instructions for doing QuickBooks tasks. You can access the Help content and features in several ways.

To use in-product Help, go to the **Help** menu and click **QuickBooks Help**.



5. Hours exclude occasional downtime due to system and server maintenance, company events, observed U.S. holidays and events beyond our control. Additional terms and conditions apply. Go to www.quickbooks.com/supportplaninfo for details.

Terms, conditions, pricing, features, service, and support options are subject to change at any time without notice.

Viewing Help for a window you have open

If you are unsure how to use a particular QuickBooks window, press F1. (You can also click the Help button in the window, if one is present.)

These Help topics provide answers to questions such as:

- What can I use this form for?
- What does this button do?
- What kind of information is displayed in this column?
- What happens when I select this option?
- How do I complete the task?

Information you'll find in the Relevant Topics tab

Each time you open a new QuickBooks window, the links in the Relevant Topics tab **change** so that they apply to the active window.



Relevant Help topics will explain how to use the window, and can include:

- Tutorials that show you how to complete tasks
- Business process overviews
- Step-by-step instructions
- Planning and best practice suggestions
- Troubleshooting information

If you don't see the information you need in the Relevant Topics tab, try using the **Search** tab to find the topic.

Using Help Search to find information

QuickBooks in-product Help is quite extensive. If you don't see your issue in the **Relevant Topics** list, you can use Search to find answers to your questions quickly:

- Click the **Search** tab.
- In the **Search** field, **type a short phrase** (containing a noun and verb) that describes the information you want. For example, "add a customer" or "How do I add a customer?"
- Click the **search arrow**. Search will return a maximum of 15 topics based on the words you entered. (If you don't see the information you want, follow the tips below for using search effectively.)

Tip: Using Search Effectively

- **Be as specific as possible.**

For example, if you want to know how to add a customer, entering just “customer” will return topics ranging from adding a customer to deleting a customer to the Customers list and more. Instead, enter “add customer” or “How do I add a new customer.”

- **Enter a shorter search phrase or question.**

For example, “How do I add customers” will return better results than “How do I add new customers and vendors.”

- **Try using different words and phrases.**

For example, if you’re looking for something about installing a QuickBooks update, try entering “update QuickBooks.”

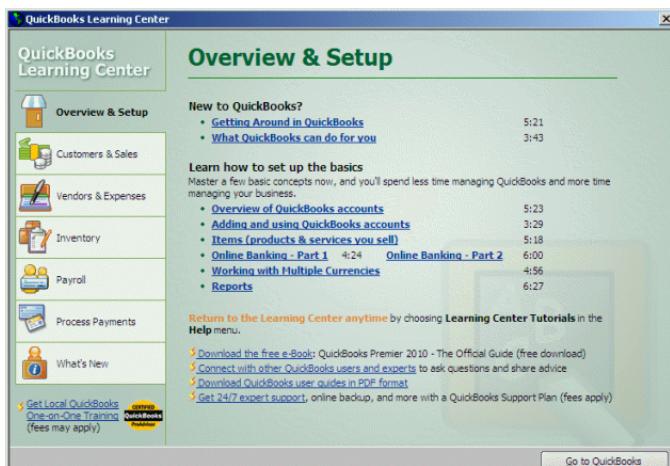
- **Don’t use abbreviations—use the full word instead.**

If you still can’t find the answer in the topics returned by search, try the Additional Self-Help Tools.

Check out the QuickBooks Learning Center

As you begin using QuickBooks, one of the first things you’ll see is the QuickBooks Learning Center.⁶ After you view the Coach Tutorial, you’ll be in the Learning Center. The Learning Center provides interactive tutorials to help you learn how to use QuickBooks and complete common business tasks. After you complete a tutorial, a checkmark is displayed next to its title. After watching the video tutorials, you can follow the step-by-step instructions available in the in-product Help.

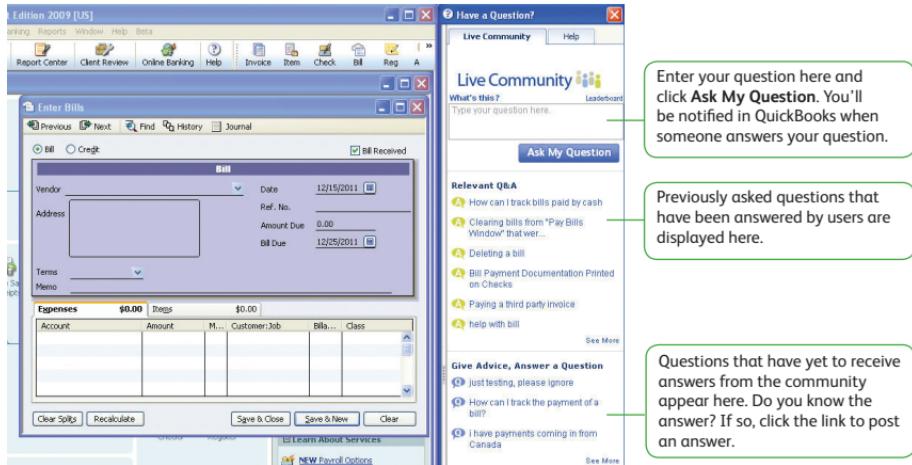
To open the QuickBooks Learning Center, go to the Help menu and click **Learning Center Tutorials** or click the tutorial button in the **QuickBooks Coach**.



6. Internet access required to view tutorials.

Using Live Community

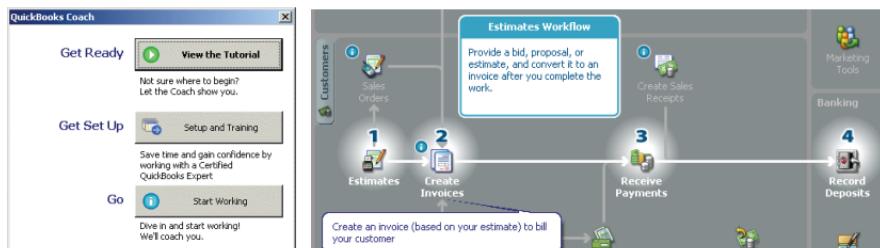
QuickBooks Live Community lets you ask other QuickBooks users and experts for help and get answers fast, right inside QuickBooks. In Live Community, you can ask any question, from how-to questions about QuickBooks to advice on how to run and grow your business. To use Live Community, choose the **Help** menu and choose **Live Community**.



Using the QuickBooks Coach

You can explore the Home page with the QuickBooks Coach to learn more about your business workflows. In the QuickBooks Coach window, click **Start Working** to turn explore mode on. Then mouse over and click the Coach icons (➊) to see:

- Details about your workflows
- Spotlights that show you the steps in a flow, with tips to complete each step
- Bold numbers, highlighted lines, and arrows show you the order in which to do your work



Working with a Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisor

Want hands-on help setting up or customizing QuickBooks for your business? You'll get the most out of QuickBooks by working with a Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisor. ProAdvisors are QuickBooks experts who can help you get the most out of QuickBooks by customizing the software based on your unique business needs. Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisors are typically CPAs, bookkeepers, small business advisors, QuickBooks consultants or accountants. They've been tested and certified in QuickBooks by Intuit.



- ProAdvisors can help save you time and money by getting your QuickBooks set up right the first time to avoid fixing mistakes down the road.
- ProAdvisors can set up customized reports so you can easily understand the health of your business.
- They also offer ongoing support and training to help you master QuickBooks.

Visit www.findaproadvisor.com/go to learn more and to find a Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisor near you.

3 Essential Tasks

QuickBooks Essential Tasks¹

Learning how to do essential QuickBooks tasks

The table to the right lists the essential tasks that most people use to run their company in QuickBooks. This chapter describes how to perform each of these tasks and offers important usage tips.

The tasks are written assuming that you want to set up all the information for your business (for example, customer, vendor, and account information) before you begin creating invoices, receiving payments, or paying your bills.

However, you might prefer to enter information as you need it. For example, you might create an invoice for a new customer and use Quick Add (described on page 10) to enter the customer information “on the fly.” Either method works fine. You choose the method that works best for you.

¹. Screenshots in this section are for illustrative purposes only, and vary among versions of QuickBooks.

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Setting Up Your Business | Preferences

Preferences: Modify QuickBooks for the way you work

Set personal and company preferences for each QuickBooks area.

Click **General** to set general QuickBooks preferences.

Choose a group from the preference list to set behavior for other QuickBooks areas.

2

3

The screenshot shows the QuickBooks Preferences dialog box. The title bar says "Preferences" and "My Preferences". The left sidebar lists categories: Accounting, Bills, Checking, Desktop View, Finance Charge, General (which is selected and highlighted in blue), Integrated Applications, Items & Inventory, Jobs & Estimates, Payroll & Employees, Reminders, Reports & Graphs, Sales & Customers, Sales Tax, Send Forms, Service Connection, Spelling, Tax: 1099, and Time Tracking. The main pane has several sections with checkboxes and radio buttons:

- General settings:
 - Pressing Enter moves between fields
 - Automatically open drop-down lists when typing
 - Beep when recording a transaction
 - Automatically place decimal point
 - Warn when editing a transaction
- Automatically recall information:
 - Automatically remember account or transaction information
 - Automatically recall last transaction for this name
 - Pre-fill accounts for vendor based on past entries
- Default Date to Use for New Transactions:
 - Use today's date as default
 - Use the last entered date as default
- Keep custom item information when changing item in transactions:
 - Ask
 - Always
 - Never

Buttons on the right include OK, Cancel, Help, Default, and Also See: Reminders.

Changing QuickBooks to work the way you do

You can modify QuickBooks in many ways to suit the needs of your business and your personal style of working. From the **QuickBooks Preferences** window, you can define **preferences** in over a dozen different categories.

For example, you can configure general preferences such as whether or not QuickBooks prompts you before editing or deleting a transaction, or which date QuickBooks uses for new transactions. Or, you can configure accounting-specific preferences such as how QuickBooks displays accounts and subaccounts.

To view and set preference options:

- ➊ Choose the **Edit** menu and choose **Preferences**.
- ➋ In the **Preferences** window, change any of the general QuickBooks preferences. These preferences determine how QuickBooks behaves.
- ➌ To display the preferences for another area of QuickBooks, select the appropriate category in the list on the left. For example, to set preferences for reporting functions, select **Reports & Graphs**.
- ➍ On the **My Preferences** tab for the particular feature area, enter the changes and settings you want. These settings affect only your QuickBooks sessions, not those of other users.
- ➎ Do one of the following:
 - Click **OK** to close the **Preferences** window and save your changes.
 - Click another feature area in the scroll box to enter other preferences. Click **Yes** when prompted to save your changes.
- ➏ Click **OK**.

Did You Know?

Company preferences

Company preferences are global preferences that affect all users of the company file. Only the QuickBooks Administrator can set up or modify company preferences.

My Preferences

You can customize your workflow by setting personal QuickBooks preferences, such as using the Enter key instead of the Tab key to move between fields.

Setting Up Your Business | Customizing Business Forms

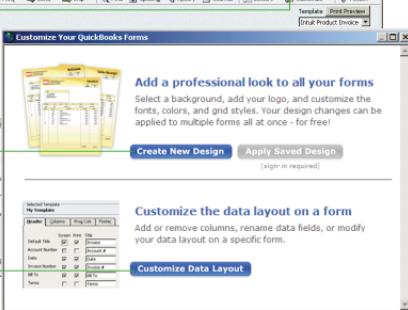
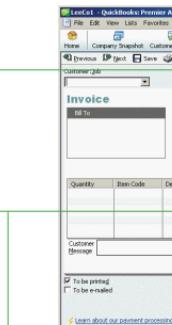
Customize Forms: Where to start

A. Click a business form on the Home page and then click **Get Started**.



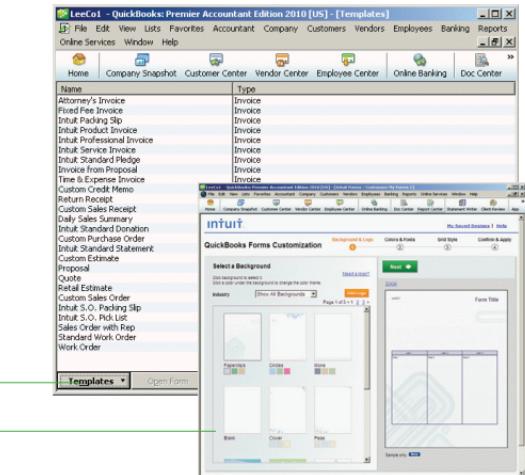
B. Once you've opened a business form on the Home page, click **Customize**.

Click **Create New Design** or **Customize Data Layout**, depending on whether you want to customize a template or customize the layout of the data.



C. In the menu bar, click **Lists > Templates**.

Click the **Templates** button and then click **Create Form Design**.



Promote your business with a consistent, professional look

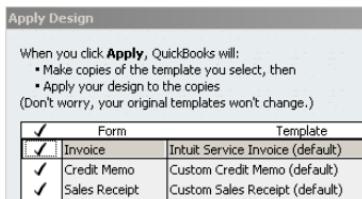
You can quickly customize all of your QuickBooks forms to give them a consistent, professional look so they get noticed by your customers. Customize your business forms from any of these access points:

- Click a form icon on the Home page and then click **Get Started** in the Customize window.
- Once you open a form, you can choose to customize its look and feel, or customize the way the data is laid out on the page.

Click **Customize** at the top of the form and then click **Create New Design**. In four simple steps you can design the look of your forms:



After you complete each step, click **Next**. When you finish, select the forms to which you want to apply your new look and click **Apply**.



QuickBooks makes a copy of your original form and applies the design on the new copy. You can find your new forms in the Templates list on each form window — they all start with the prefix "My Design."

OR

Click **Customize Data Layout** and customize the header, columns, footer, and other data layout properties.

- In the menu bar, choose **Lists > Templates**. Click the **Templates** drop-down list and select **Create Forms Design** to open the online customization tool.

Did You Know?

Customizing forms

QuickBooks now includes a variety of colorful, professionally designed forms backgrounds that you can add to all your forms.

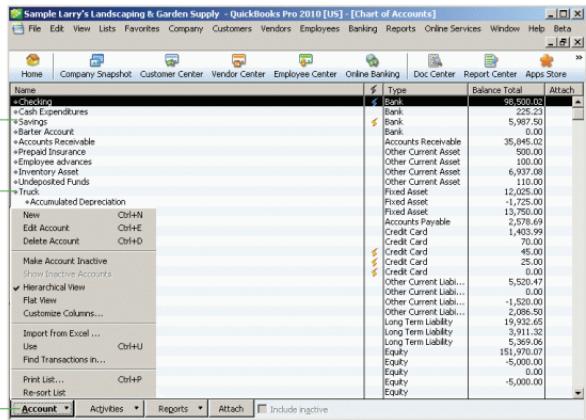
The new online customization tool guides you through 4 simple steps to create and save your designs. And it saves you time because you can apply changes to all of your forms at once, instead of needing to customize one form at a time.

It's easy to customize forms, because all your changes to the background, logo, fonts, colors and grid style (borders, shading) are updated in the preview so you can see exactly how your forms will look after you apply the finished design.

For more information about customizing business forms, refer to the in-product Help.

Setting Up Your Business | Adding an Account

Chart of Accounts



The Chart of Accounts list shows the balance of each balance sheet account for your business.

Rearrange your accounts by clicking and dragging the diamond, located to the left of an account, to a new position.

Click the Account button to create new accounts or perform tasks with existing accounts.

Add New Account

The screenshot shows the 'Add New Account' dialog box. It has fields for Account Name (set to 'Checking'), Description, Bank Acct. No., Routing Number, Tax-Line Mapping (set to '<Unassigned>'), and opening balance options. A green callout box with orange number 3 points to the 'Bank' dropdown in the top bar. Another green callout box with orange number 5 points to the 'Subaccount of' dropdown. A third green callout box with orange number 8 points to the 'Enter Opening Balance...' button. A fourth green callout box with orange number 9 points to the 'Save & Close' button at the bottom.

QuickBooks supports 16 different types of accounts.

Click here to make the account a subaccount of another account.

Click here to view and select additional accounts you can create (when available).

Click here to enter an opening balance for the account (for balance sheet accounts).

Set up QuickBooks to automatically remind you when to enter checks for an account.

Adding an Account

When you set up your company file, QuickBooks sets up certain **accounts** for you automatically. However, as your business grows or changes, you might need to add new accounts to your **chart of accounts** to better organize your finances. Or, you might need an account that was not provided during setup. For example, you might want to create expense accounts to track office supply purchases separately from advertising costs.

To add an account:

- ➊ Go to the **Lists** menu and click **Chart of Accounts**.
- ➋ Click the **Account** button and then click **New**.
- ➌ In the **Add New Account: Select Account Type** window, select the type of account you want to create and then click **Continue**.
- Note:** Refer to pages 28 and 29 for a description of the different types of income, expense, and balance sheet accounts.
- ➍ Enter the account's name in the **Account Name** field. This name will appear on your company financial statements.
- ➎ If you want to make this account a subaccount of another account, select the **Subaccount of** checkbox. From the drop-down list, select the account that will be the higher-level account for this subaccount.
- ➏ (Optional) Enter a short description, note, bank account number, or credit card number, depending on the type of account you are adding.
- ➐ For **income and expense accounts**. From the **Tax-Line Mapping** drop-down list, select the appropriate tax line or <Not tax-related>.
- ➑ For **balance sheet accounts**. Enter an opening balance based on the account's balance as of your QuickBooks start date. Generally, you should enter any balance sheet balances as of the day before your start date. That way it's all exactly correct at the opening of your start date. If you're putting money into the account with a transaction, do not use the opening balance field, since this will create an additional transaction. If you're not sure of the balance, you can leave the field blank and enter the information later. Click **OK** when finished.
- ➒ Click **Save & Close** or **Save & New** to add another account.

Key Terms

Accounts

There are two types of accounts—**balance sheet accounts**, such as checking and savings, and **income and expense accounts**, which are used to group transactions for reporting purposes. (Income and expense accounts are the same as “categories” in Quicken.) Refer to pages 28 and 29 for a description of the different QuickBooks accounts.

Chart of Accounts

A complete list of your business' accounts and their balances. You use a chart of accounts to track how much money your company has, how much money it owes, how much money is coming in, and how much is going out.

Did You Know?

The IRS recommends opening a business checking account as one of the first things you do when starting a new business.

Intuit highly recommends associating your income and expense accounts with the appropriate tax lines for your tax forms. Consult with your accountant if you need more information about which tax forms to use and to which tax lines to map each account.

Why Use Subaccounts?

When you need more detail about what's going on in an account, you can divide the account into one or more subaccounts. Subaccounts let you track several related types of income or expenses independently yet keep them all under the "umbrella" of a single parent account. Subaccounts appear indented immediately below their parent account in your chart of accounts. If you create subaccounts, it's best not to post anything to the "parent" account. For example, if your business has substantial advertising expenses, you might decide to divide your Advertising expense account into several subaccounts, such as Newspaper Ads, Signs, Yellow Pages Listing, and Direct Mailings.

What type of account should I use?

There are two main types of accounts in the QuickBooks chart of accounts:

- Income and expense accounts
- Balance sheet accounts

Income and Expense Accounts

Income and expense accounts track the sources of your income and the purpose of each expense. When you record transactions in one of your balance sheet accounts, you usually assign the amount of the transaction to one or more income or expense accounts. For example, not only do you record that you took money out of your checking account, but you keep track of what you spent the money on (utilities or office supplies).

Account type	Purpose
Income	Categorizes money earned from normal business operations, such as product sales, service sales, and discounts to customers.
Other income	Categorizes money your business earns that is unrelated to normal business operations, such as dividend income, interest income, and insurance reimbursements.
Expense	Categorizes money spent in the course of normal business operations, such as advertising and promotion, office supplies, insurance, legal fees, charitable contributions, and rent.
Other expense	Categorizes money your business spends that is unrelated to normal business operations, such as corporation taxes and penalties, interest, and legal settlements
Cost of goods sold	Tracks the direct costs to purchase or produce the items that your business sells, such as cost of materials, cost of labor, subcontractors, and shipping.

Note: QuickBooks does not display balances for income and expense accounts in the Chart of Accounts. To see these balances, choose the **Reports** menu, choose **Report Center**, and then click the **Company & Financial** category. You can also select the income or expense account in the chart of accounts and click **QuickReport**.

Balance Sheet Accounts

QuickBooks provides 10 types of balance sheet accounts to choose from as you create and add to your Chart of Accounts. Use the type of account that best describes the type of data you are tracking.

Account type	Purpose
Bank	Tracks money you have in your cash accounts. Create one for each cash account, such as petty cash, checking, savings, and money market. (When you create a new bank account, leave the opening balance at zero. Its opening balance will be created automatically when you transfer funds from another account.)
Accounts receivable (A/R)	Tracks money your customers owe you on unpaid invoices. Most businesses require only the A/R account that QuickBooks automatically creates after you create your first invoice.
Other current asset	Tracks the value of things that you can convert to cash or use up within one year, such as prepaid expenses, employee cash advances, inventory, and loans from your business.
Fixed asset	Tracks the value of significant items (consult your tax professional for a minimum dollar amount) that have a useful life of more than one year, such as buildings, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.
Other asset	Tracks the value of things that are neither Fixed Assets nor Other Current Assets, such as Goodwill, long-term notes receivable, security deposits paid, and land.
Accounts payable (AP)	Tracks money you owe to vendors for purchases made on credit. Most businesses require only the A/P account that QuickBooks automatically creates after you create your first invoice.
Credit card	Tracks credit card purchases, bills, and payments. Create one for each credit card your business uses.
Other current liability	Tracks money your business owes and expects to pay within one year, such as sales tax, security deposits/retainers from customers, and payroll taxes.
Long-term liability	Tracks money your business owes and expects to pay back over more than one year, such as mortgages, long-term loans, and notes payable.
Equity	Tracks money invested in, or money taken out of, the business by owners or shareholders. Payroll and reimbursable expenses should not be included.

Setting Up Your Business | Adding Customers

Customer Center

Click New Customer & Job to add new customers to the list.

View the amount of money each customer owes you in the Balance Total column.

Click a customer's name in the list to view the contact information and notes for that customer.

See all transactions for this customer in the transaction list, which can be sorted and filtered.

The screenshot shows the 'Customer Center' window in QuickBooks Pro 2010. On the left, a list of customers is displayed with their names and balance totals. A specific customer, 'Crenshaw, Bob', is selected, showing detailed contact information and notes. On the right, a transaction history for this customer is listed, showing various invoices and payments with their dates and amounts.

Click to view useful reports about each customer.

New Customer

Enter the customer's name, address, and contact information on the Address Info tab.

Use the Additional Info and Payment Info tabs to set up customer payment terms and sales tax information.

Click Define Fields to create any custom fields that you need for your customers.

The screenshot shows the 'New Customer' dialog box in QuickBooks Pro 2010. The 'Address Info' tab is active, displaying fields for customer name, opening balance, and date. The 'Additional Info' tab is visible, showing categorizing and defaults like type (Commercial), terms (Due on receipt), and rep (SBH). The 'Payment Info' tab is also visible. At the bottom right, there is a 'Define Fields' button, which is highlighted with a green callout, indicating where users can create custom fields.

Adding Customers

Customers are the lifeline of your business. By entering detailed information in QuickBooks about the people and companies to whom you sell your products and services, you can personalize their bills, send invoices easily, and quickly view the status of their accounts. You can add new customers at any time.

Tip: Typing in customer data for hundreds of customers can be a tedious task. If you use Microsoft Outlook, you can import your existing customer information into QuickBooks instead of entering it manually. Refer to the QuickBooks in-product Help for instructions on how to prepare your customer data file for importing into QuickBooks.

To add a customer:

- 1 Click the **Customer Center** icon at the top of the **QuickBooks** window.
- 2 Click **New Customer & Job** and then click **New Customer**.
- 3 On the **Address Info** tab, enter all the data that you have about the customer, including their name, **Bill to** and **Ship to** addresses, and additional contact information.
- 4 Complete the **Additional Info** and **Payment Info** tabs, as appropriate.
- 5 If you want to add additional fields to the form, click **Define Fields** to customize the form.
- 6 Click **OK** or click **Next** if you want to enter another customer.

Tip: You can also add customers as you perform your everyday tasks. For example, if you enter the name of a new customer when filling out an invoice, QuickBooks will prompt you to enter information about this customer. You can choose from two quick setup options:

- **Quick Add**—Adds just the name to the list. You must add the details later.
- **Set Up**—Enables you to enter additional information (such as a phone number, fax number, and alternate contact) to the list you choose.

Key Term

Customers

Customers are the people or businesses to whom you sell your products or services—that is, the people who pay you for what you do. Some businesses might refer to a customer as a client or member.

Did You Know?

Adding jobs

If you are performing more than one job for a customer, you can track the jobs individually by adding new jobs under the customer's name in the **Customers & Jobs** list. That way, you can create reports that show the income and expenses for each job. To add a job, click **New Customer & Job** and then click **Add Job**.

Adding multiple customers at once

If you need to add several customers to your QuickBooks company file, consider using the **Add/edit multiple list entries** feature described on page 10. For more information, refer to the in-product Help.

Setting Up Your Business | Adding Vendors

Vendor Center

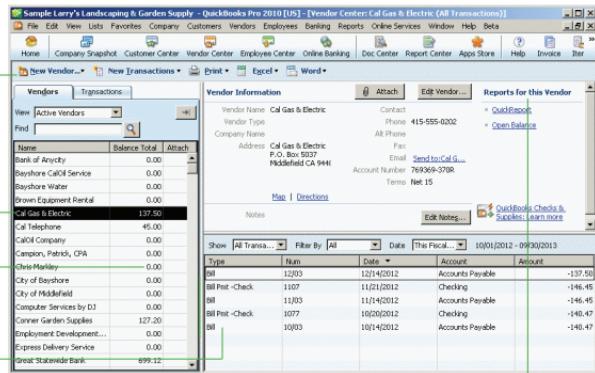
Click New Vendor to add new vendors to the list.

2

Click a vendor's name in the list to view the contact information and notes for that vendor.

View the amount of money you owe each vendor in the Balance Total column.

See all transactions for this vendor in the transaction list, which can be sorted and filtered.



Click to view useful reports about each vendor.

New Vendor: Additional Info

Enter the vendor's name, address, and contact information on the Address Info tab.

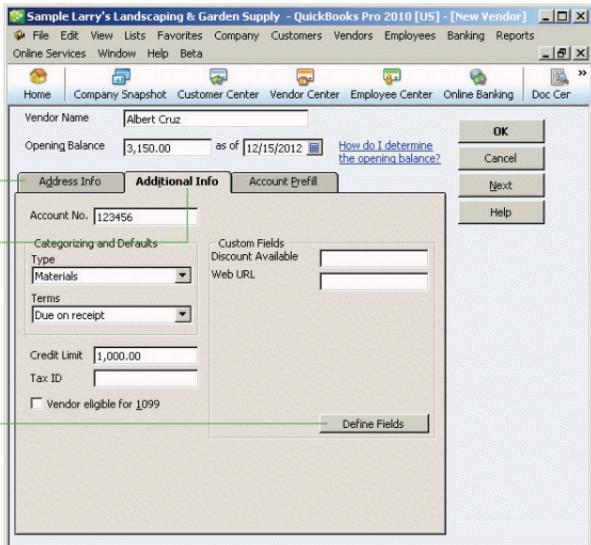
3

Use the Additional Info tab to enter vendor-specific information, including the vendor type.

5

Click Define Fields to create any custom fields that you need for your vendors.

6



Adding Vendors

QuickBooks uses the **vendor** list to hold information about the people and companies you buy goods and services from to run your business. For example, this list could include the phone company, your office supplies vendor, and your tax board. You can add new vendors at any time.

Tip: Typing in vendor data for hundreds of vendors can be a tedious task. If you use Microsoft Outlook, you can import your existing vendor information into QuickBooks instead of entering it manually. Refer to the QuickBooks in-product Help for instructions on how to prepare your vendor data file for importing into QuickBooks.

To add a vendor:

- 1 Click the **Vendor Center** icon at the top of the **QuickBooks** window.
- 2 Click **New Vendor**.
- 3 On the **Address Info** tab, enter all the data that you have about the vendor, including the vendor's name, address, and additional contact information.
- 4 If you owe this vendor money as of your company's start date, enter the amount in the **Opening Balance** field.
- 5 Click the **Additional Info** tab and complete the form.
- 6 If you want to add additional fields to the form, click **Define Fields** to customize the form.
- 7 Click **OK** or click **Next** if you want to enter another vendor.

Tip: You can also add vendors as you perform your everyday tasks. For example, if you enter the name of a new vendor when paying a bill, QuickBooks will prompt you to enter information about this vendor. You can choose from two quick setup options.

- **Quick Add**—Adds just the name to the list. You must add the details later.
- **Set Up**—Enables you to enter additional information (such as a phone number, fax number, and alternate contact) to the list you choose.

Key Term

Vendors

Vendors are any businesses or people from whom you buy or rent goods or services for your business—office supplies, phone or computer services, or products that you sell. The tax agencies that you pay are also your vendors. Nearly everyone you pay other than employees are vendors.

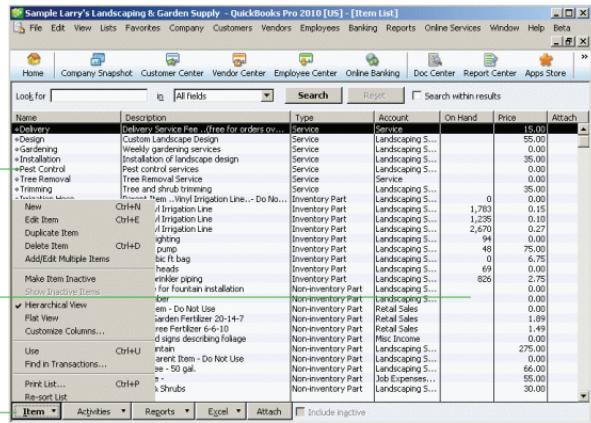
Did You Know?

Adding multiple vendors at once

If you need to add several vendors to your QuickBooks company file, consider using the **Add/edit multiple list entries** feature described on page 10. For more information, refer to the in-product Help.

Setting Up Your Business | Adding Items

Item List

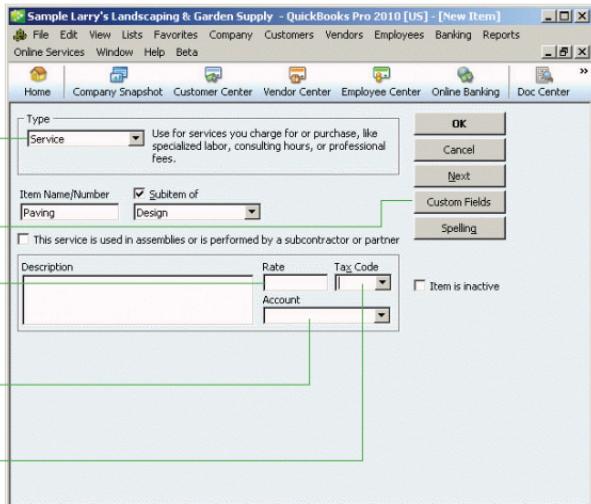


Subitems are indented under the parent item.

For inventory parts, the **On Hand** column shows how many of each item you have in stock.

Click the **Item** button to add new items or perform activities on existing items.

New Item



Adding Items

In QuickBooks, an **item** is anything that your company buys, sells, or resells to run your business. Items are your products, services, and things such as shipping and handling charges, discounts, and sales tax.

When you select an item from the Item list, QuickBooks fills in a description of the line item and calculates its amount for you.

QuickBooks provides 12 different types of items, described in the table on page 36. Some items, such as service or inventory part items, help you record the services and products your business sells. Other items, such as the subtotal or discount item, are used to perform calculations on the amounts in a sale.

To add an item:

- 1 Choose the **Lists** menu and choose **Item List**.
- 2 Choose **Item** at the bottom of the list and then choose **New**.
- 3 Click the **Type** drop-down arrow and select the type of item you want to create (see table on page 36).
- 4 Enter an item name as you want it to appear on purchase and sales forms.
- 5 Enter the description that you want to appear on sales forms when you use the payment item.
- 6 In the **Rate** field, enter the amount you want to charge for the item or, if the rate varies, leave as zero.
- 7 In the **Account** field, choose the account that is associated with this item. (In most cases, you will assign the item to an income account.)
- 8 In the Tax Code list, select the appropriate sales tax code or create a new one. If you do not see the Tax Code list, you must turn the tax preference on in the Sales Tax area under **Edit | Preferences**.
- 9 Click **OK** or click **Next** if you want to enter another item.

Key Term

Items

An item is anything that might appear as a line item on an invoice, including subtotals, discounts, and sales tax, as well as the products and/or services that you sell. You enter items on your invoices and sales receipts. For example, a writing consultant might set up one item for editing services with an hourly rate, and another item for writing services with a different hourly rate. On an invoice, the items would be entered with the number of hours worked as the quantity.

While providing a quick means of data entry, items also handle the behind-the-scenes accounting. When you create an item you link it to an account. When the item is used on a form it posts an entry to that account and another to the appropriate accounts receivable, accounts payable, checking, or other account.

Did You Know?

Adding multiple items at once

If you need to add several items to your QuickBooks company file, consider using the **Add/edit multiple list entries** feature described on page 10. For more information, refer to the in-product Help.

Which Item Type Should I Choose?

QuickBooks provides 12 different types of items to help you fill out sales and purchase forms quickly.

Item Type	Purpose
Service	Use for services you either charge for or purchase, like specialized labor, consulting hours, and professional fees.
Inventory part	Use for goods you purchase, track as inventory, and resell.
Inventory assembly (Premier only)	Use for assembled goods you build or purchase, track as inventory, and resell.
Non-inventory part	Use for goods you buy but don't track, like office supplies or materials you buy for a specific job that you charge back to your customer.
Fixed asset	Use for an asset you do not expect to convert to cash during one year of normal operations. A fixed asset is usually something that is necessary for the operation of your business—like a truck, cash register, or computer.
Other charge	Use for miscellaneous labor, material, or part charges, such as delivery charges, setup fees, and service charges.
Subtotal	Use to total all items above it on a form, up to the last subtotal. Useful for applying a percentage discount or surcharge to several items.
Group	Use to quickly enter a group of individual items on an invoice.
Discount	Use to subtract a percentage or fixed amount from a total or subtotal. Do not use this item type for an early payment discount; for an early payment discount, use the Set Discount feature in the Receive Payments window.
Payment	Use to record a partial payment you received at the time of the sale. It reduces the amount owed on an invoice.
Sales tax item	Use to calculate a single sales tax at a specific rate that you pay to a single tax agency.
Sales tax group	Use to calculate and individually track two or more sales tax items that apply to the same sale. The customer sees only the total sales tax.

Why item types are important

Although you can use items as a quick means of entering data, items fulfill a much more important QuickBooks role: to handle the behind-the-scenes accounting.

When you create an item, you link it to an account; when the item is used on a form, it posts an entry to that account and another entry to the appropriate accounts receivable, accounts payable, checking, fixed asset, or other account.

While items are easy to set up, you should spend some time deciding how they can best work for you before you start setting them up and using them. Use your current list of services and products as a starting point. Consider how much detail you want on your invoices or statements and set up your items with that level of detail in mind. For example, if you are a seamstress who creates and sells home accessories, you can set up a single item and charge a flat rate for a certain size of couch pillow, or you can break that pillow down further into labor and materials.

Furthermore, QuickBooks provides many useful reports that break information down by the goods or services you purchase and sell. That way, you can quickly find out:

- How much income your items bring in
- What you are spending to purchase items
- How well you estimate the cost of items
- How much time you spent on each type of job or item

Setting Up Your Business | Setting up Sales Tax

Depending on where you do business, you might be required to collect sales tax for the products or services you sell. If you collect sales tax, you must pay it to a tax agency on a regular schedule. QuickBooks helps automate your sales tax tracking so you can keep accurate records about the sales tax you collect and pay.

Important: You must follow the rules and regulations for collecting and paying sales tax in your tax district (city, county, state).

Understanding how sales tax works

QuickBooks uses **sales tax codes** to track the taxable or non-taxable status of both the items you sell (products and services) and your customers. If your tax agency requires you to report the reasons why particular sales are taxable or non-taxable, the sales tax codes that you assign to your items and customers enable you to run reports that provide this information for your sales tax return.

QuickBooks uses **sales tax items** to calculate and add sales tax charges when you make a taxable sale. When you set up a sales tax item, you assign a **sales tax rate** to it and associate it with the **tax agency** to which you pay the sales tax. All of the sales tax items you set up are in your Item list. Once you've set up sales tax, QuickBooks automatically applies the appropriate sales tax rate to the sale of your taxable items.

Before you start setting up sales tax

To set up sales tax in QuickBooks, you need to know the following sales tax requirements for the locations where you sell your products and services:

- **Sales tax rates** for each tax district (a city, county, or state that has a sales tax) in which you sell. You may have multiple sales tax rates that you need to charge, for example, sales tax for both a county and a state.
- **Tax agencies** to which you pay the collected sales tax for each of those district taxes.

Tip: You can find your sales tax requirements (rates, payment schedules, etc.) online at your state sales tax Web site. We have provided access to these Web sites from the in-product Help. Go to the Help menu and click QuickBooks Help. In the Search field, enter Finding the sales tax rates and requirements for your business. Select that topic, and then click the link for your state.

Term	How it relates to sales tax setup
Sales tax rate	The percentage charged for sales tax by the tax district. For each different district/rate combination, you need to set up a new sales tax item. For example, you might sell in three counties that all charge the same sales tax rate, but you need a separate sales tax item for each county, even though the sales tax rate is the same. This enables you to track the amounts of sales tax you collect for each tax district.
Sales tax item	A QuickBooks item that is used to calculate the appropriate sales tax for a sale. A sales tax item includes a sales tax rate and a tax agency. When you sell taxable items, you charge the appropriate sales tax rate by assigning a sales tax item to each sale.
Sales tax group item	A QuickBooks item that groups multiple sales tax items so you can charge only one rate on your sales. For example, the location where you sell might require you to charge both a county and a state sales tax. However, customers are used to seeing one sales tax rate on sales. You would set up a sales tax group item that combines those two sales tax rates, say 1% for the county and 7% for the state, to create a single, sales tax group item with a rate of 8%. You would apply this sales tax group item to your taxable sales for that county.
Sales tax code	The identifier that QuickBooks uses to track the taxable and non-taxable status of both the products and services you sell, and the customers to whom you sell these items. For example, a customer that is a non-profit organization might have a non-taxable status. You would not charge sales tax for anything you sell to this particular customer.
Tax district	A town, city, county, or state that charges sales tax. A tax district might also include a municipal or special jurisdiction, such as a Mass Transit tax or a parish in Louisiana.
Tax agency	The government office that determines the requirements for sales tax collection or payment. You might need to pay your collected sales tax to one or more tax agencies, depending on the requirements for the locations (tax districts) where you do business. Tax agencies are set up as vendors, because you make payments to them. A tax agency is sometimes called a tax authority.

Preferences: Set sales tax preferences



Setting up sales tax

Setting up sales tax is a multi-step process, divided into three main parts:

- Part 1: Sales tax payment schedule
- Part 2: Sales tax codes to track taxable status of items and customers
- Part 3: Sales tax items, rates, and tax agencies

Part 1: Sales tax payment schedule

In this procedure, you'll turn on sales tax and then set up information about when you need to pay your tax agency.

To set up your sales tax payment schedule:

- 1 Choose the **Edit** menu and choose **Preferences**.
- 2 Click **Sales Tax** in the list on the left.
- 3 Click the **Company Preferences** tab.
- 4 For the question **Do You Charge Sales Tax**, click **Yes**.
- 5 Select when you owe sales tax to the tax agency, as specified by your tax agency.
 - Select **As of invoice date** if your tax agency stipulates that you owe sales tax from the moment you write an invoice or make a sale.
 - Select **Upon receipt of payment** if your tax agency stipulates that you owe sales tax when you receive the payment from a customer.

Note: This preference overrides the accounting basis you've set for your company and for your report preferences (if your report preference is set to "cash" but you select "accrual" here, your sales tax reports will be accrual-based).

- 6 Select how often you pay sales tax, as specified by your tax agency. If you don't know which time period to choose, check your sales tax license. It should indicate the payment schedule that you need to use.

Tip: If you collect sales tax for multiple tax agencies that require payment at different intervals, use the payment interval you use most frequently. When you run your sales tax reports and make your payments, you'll be able to see which amounts are due on which dates.

Did You Know?

About the Manage Sales Tax window

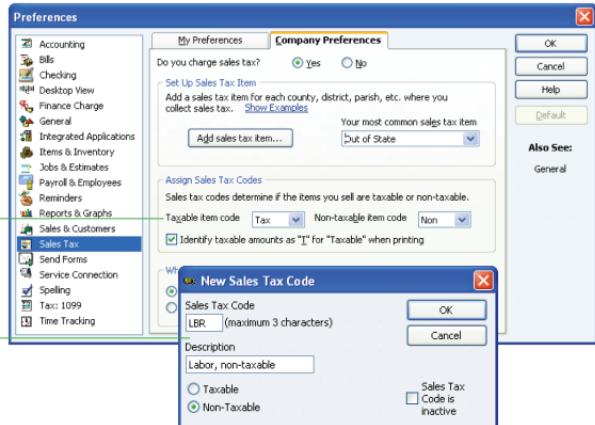
The **Manage Sales Tax** window helps you complete all of your common sales tax tasks, like setting sales tax preferences, preparing state sales tax forms, and paying sales tax. Go to the **Vendors** menu, click **Sales Tax**, and then click **Manage Sales Tax** to open this window.

Setting the time interval for paying your sales tax affects reports and reminders.

The time interval you select to pay your sales tax is reflected in the period of time covered by your sales tax reports and sets reminders to pay your sales taxes.

For example, if you select **Monthly**, QuickBooks uses the previous month as the basis for your sales tax reports. When it's time to pay your sales tax using the **Pay Sales Tax** feature, QuickBooks reminds you to make the payment.

Preferences: Set up sales tax codes



Part 2: Sales tax codes to track taxable status of items and customers

Now you'll set up the sales tax codes that you'll use to track the taxable and non-taxable sales status of your items and customers. Later, you'll assign these sales tax codes to your customers and the items you sell.

QuickBooks creates two sales tax codes for you:

- The taxable code (TAX) is assigned to items and customers that are taxed.
- The non-taxable code (NON) is assigned to items and customers that are not taxed, such as non-profit organizations or items that the customer plans to resell.

Depending on your tax agency requirements, these two preset sales tax codes might be all you'll need. You won't need to set up any additional codes or change this preference.

If your tax agency requires you to specify additional sales tax codes to track taxable and non-taxable sales, such as specific tracking for out-of-state sales, you can set them up now. (You can also set them up later when you need to use them.)

To set up additional sales tax codes:

- ① Click the drop-down list for the type of sales tax code you want to set up (**Taxable** or **Non-taxable**) and select **<Add New>**.
- ② In the **New Sales Tax Code** window, enter a sales tax code you want to use and a description for it.

Each sales tax code you add must be unique. For example, you might want to set up a non-taxable sales code for labor costs. You might enter **LBR** as the sales tax code and "Labor, non-taxable" as the description. Many businesses also use a non-taxable out-of-state sales tax code (OOS).

- ③ Click **OK**.
- ④ Repeat steps 1 through 3 for each sales tax code you want to add.

Part 3: Sales tax items, rates, and tax agencies

You need to set up a sales tax item for each tax district (city, county, state) in which you sell. A sales tax item includes the sales tax rate you need to charge for that tax district and the tax agency to which you remit the sales tax you collect. Even if you sell in three different counties that all have the same sales tax rate, you need to set up a separate sales tax item for each county/rate combination so that you can properly track your sales tax collection and payments.

To set up your sales tax items, rates, and tax agencies:

- ① Click **Add sales tax item**.
- ② Click the **Type** drop-down arrow and then select **Sales Tax Item**.
- ③ Enter the sales tax name. (Use a name that describes the location for the Tax, such as **San Mateo County**. This name will appear as one of the choices in the **Tax** field on your sales forms.)

- 4 Enter a description for the way this sales tax item will appear as a line item on your sales forms (for example, San Mateo County sales tax). You can't edit it on the forms themselves. Users frequently use the name of the sales tax item as the description.
- 5 Enter the sales tax rate (as a percentage) you charge when a sale is taxable. For example, your sales tax rate for San Mateo County might be 1.25 % (or 1.25 cents per dollar purchased).
- 6 In the Tax Agency drop-down list, click <Add New> to open the **New Vendor** window, where you'll set up the tax agency (a vendor) to which you pay this sales tax.
- 7 Enter a vendor name and contact information. For example, in California, sales tax is paid to the Board of Equalization.
- 8 Click **OK** to close the **New Vendor** window.
- 9 Click **OK** to close the **New Item** window.
- 10 Repeat steps 1 through 9 for each local, county, or state sales tax item and rate you need to set up.

Important: Depending on your sales tax requirements, you might need to combine multiple sales tax items to create a **sales tax group item**. For example, a county sales tax rate of 1.25% and a state sales tax rate of 7.0% would combine for a sales tax group item with a sales tax rate of 8.25%. Then, you can use this single sales tax rate on your sales forms.

- 11 When you're finished setting up all your sales tax items, choose your **Most common sales tax**, which is the one you charge most often. Remember, the most common sales tax that you charge your customers might be a sales tax group item.
- 12 In the **Sales Tax preferences** window, decide whether or not you want to mark your taxable items when your sales forms are printed. If not, clear this checkbox.
- 13 Click **OK** to apply your sales tax preferences.
- 14 If you've already set up your items and customers, you'll be prompted to assign a taxable sales tax code to all of them. Click **OK** if most of your items and customers are taxable. If not, clear the checkboxes and click **OK**.

Entering an opening balance for sales tax liability (what you owe)

You need to enter an opening balance for your Sales Tax Liability account (what you owe as of your QuickBooks start date). After your start date, your sales tax is included on your sales forms and entered into this account.

Caution: Do not use this procedure if you entered historical invoices or sales receipts dated before your QuickBooks start date. Your sales tax will already be included on them and posted to this account. You can also skip this procedure if you entered an opening balance for each tax agency as you set it up.

To enter your sales tax liability for a tax agency:

- 1 Go to the **Lists** menu and choose **Chart of Accounts**.
- 2 Double-click the **Sales Tax Payable** account.
- 3 In the register, find a blank transaction and fill in the details for the tax agency owed:
 - In the **Date** field, enter your QuickBooks start date.
 - In the **Vendor** field, enter the tax agency.
 - In the **Billed** field, enter the amount you owed as of your start date.
 - From the **Account** drop-down list, choose **Opening Bal Equity**.
- 4 Click **Record**.
- 5 Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each tax agency to which you owed sales tax as of your QuickBooks start date.

Did You Know?

Sales tax group items

In many states where you charge a state sales tax rate, you also need to charge for a city or county sales tax along with it. However, your customers are used to just seeing one sales tax item on their invoices or sales receipts. You can resolve this issue by creating sales tax group items. Once you've set up all of your sales tax items for your city, county, and state sales tax rates, you'll be ready to combine the rates to create a sales tax group item.

Refer to the in-product Help for information on setting up a sales tax group item.

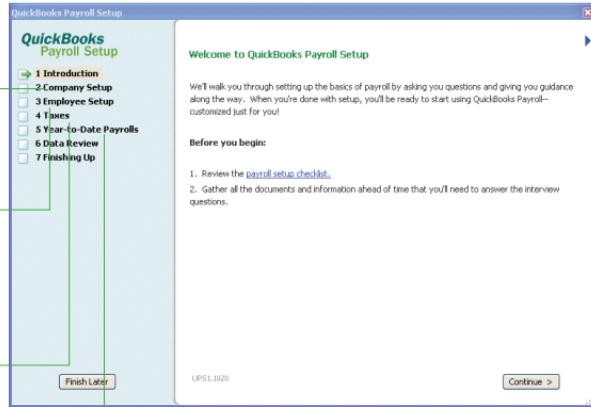
Setting Up Your Business | Setting up your Payroll

Payroll Setup

Click Company Setup to enter information about the types of compensation and benefits you provide.

Click Employee Setup to enter employee personal, pay, and tax withholding information.

Click Taxes to enter employer-specific tax rates and any local taxes.



Click Year-to-Date Payrolls to enter year-to-date payroll history.

Setting up your Payroll

As an employer, you have specific payroll responsibilities that are required by government agencies. These agencies can be federal, state, or local. Some of these responsibilities include, but are not limited to, withholding amounts from your employees' compensation to cover income tax, Social Security, Medicare, and other payments.

Choosing a payroll service

To use QuickBooks to manage your payroll, you first need to subscribe to a QuickBooks payroll service. QuickBooks' flexible options ensure that you get the payroll service that is right for you. QuickBooks also includes payroll features that don't require a payroll service subscription. Refer to the in-product Help for more information about using payroll without a payroll service.

To learn about and sign up for a Payroll Service:

- 1** Go to the **Employees** menu and click **Payroll**.
- 2** Click **Learn About Payroll Options**.

Or, if you are not sure which payroll service is right for you, contact one of our payroll experts at **1-866-820-6382** to learn more and help you choose.

Note: If you choose to sign up for a payroll service, you will be prompted to complete the activation process for your service. After you complete your activation, you can set up payroll for your business as described in the next section.

Setting up payroll

QuickBooks Payroll includes an easy-to-use Payroll Setup interview that guides you through setting up payroll for your business. Payroll Setup helps you set up your employees, set up compensation and benefit information, and enter any year-to-date payroll data. The Payroll Setup interview also guides you through setting up scheduled payments for your payroll tax and non-tax liabilities (such as health insurance and 401(k)). Scheduled payments help you manage your payroll more efficiently.

Did You Know?

Intuit Payroll Services

Intuit offers a variety of payroll services to meet your needs. QuickBooks Basic Payroll includes tools and tax tables to help you efficiently run your payroll and pay your payroll taxes. (Basic Payroll does not include payroll tax forms.)

QuickBooks Enhanced Payroll adds federal and state forms, E-File and E-Pay tools for tracking workers' compensation costs, and tools for easily calculating bonuses. Enhanced Payroll lets you to process payroll for up to three business entities (EINs).

QuickBooks Enhanced Payroll for Accountants includes all of this, plus after-the-fact payroll, client-ready reports, and the ability to process payroll for up to 50 specific businesses.

With **QuickBooks Assisted Payroll**, Intuit handles your tax payments and filings for you.

All QuickBooks payroll services offer direct deposit of employee paychecks for a small additional fee. For more information about payroll services, go to the **Employees** menu, click **Payroll**, and then click **Learn About Payroll Options**.

Before you begin setting up payroll, we recommend you gather all of the information in the Payroll Setup Checklist on page 49. (A PDF version of the Payroll Setup Checklist is available online at www.payroll.com/support/PDFs/Misc/Payroll_Setup_Checklist.pdf.) You can find this information in your own records, from your accountant or QuickBooks Professional Advisor, or from federal and/or state agencies.

To set up payroll for your business:

- ① Go to the **Employees** menu and choose **Payroll Setup**.
- ② Follow the onscreen instructions.

Tip: If you need to leave the Payroll Setup interview at any time before completing all of your payroll setup tasks, click the **Finish Later** button. When you reopen the Payroll Setup interview, you can continue where you left off. To ensure accurate payroll calculations, complete your setup before using Payroll.

Payroll Setup has been grouped into the following categories:

- **Company Setup** – Enter information about the types of compensation and benefits you provide.
- **Employee Setup** – Enter employee personal information (name, hire date, Social Security number, and so on), pay information (pay rate, payments and deductions, paid time-off balances, and so on), and tax withholding information (from W-4 and state forms).
- **Taxes** – QuickBooks Payroll automatically sets up your state and federal taxes. However, you must still enter employer-specific tax rates (such as state unemployment insurance) as well as any local taxes that may apply.
- **Year-to-Date Payroll** – If you have issued paychecks to W-2 employees during this calendar year prior to using QuickBooks Payroll, you must provide year-to-date payroll history to accurately generate tax payments and filings.

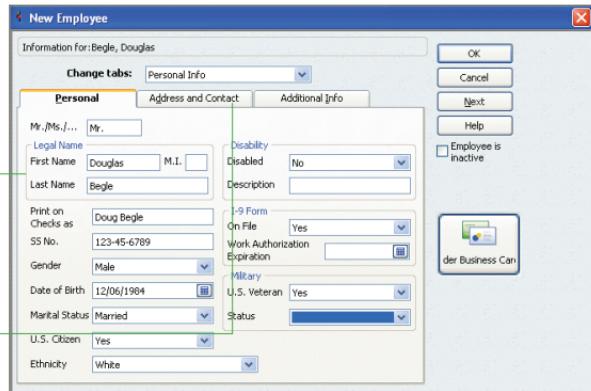
Note: After your initial payroll setup, you might need to add new employees or edit employee payroll information. You do not need to use the Payroll Setup wizard for these quick tasks. Instead, follow the instructions for adding and editing employee information listed on page 51.

Payroll Setup Checklist

Item	Examples
Company Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pay period frequency or frequencies (weekly, every other week, twice a month, monthly, quarterly) • Date you started or will start using payroll in QuickBooks
Compensation, Benefits, and Miscellaneous Additions and Deductions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compensation you give employees and officers: hourly wages, salaries, commissions, etc. • Insurance benefits offered, such as health, dental, vision • Retirement benefits offered, such as 401(k) • Additional deductions from net pay that you withhold, such as union dues, repayments of employee advances or loans, and life insurance • Additions you add to a paycheck, such as bonuses, travel reimbursements, employee advances, or loans and tips
Tax Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Federal forms you'll need to file, such as 941, 943, or 944 (for more information, see www.irs.gov) and your federal tax ID number (FEIN) • Payroll bank accounts and the deposit frequency for these taxes • State or states for which you file payroll taxes • Your state employer tax ID number or numbers (EINs) • Payees and account numbers for each state and local tax • Tax rates for any local or other taxes • Whether you qualify for the Federal Unemployment Tax (FUTA) credit
Employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Employee names, addresses, and Social Security numbers from your employees' Social Security cards or W-4 forms • Employee withholdings or allowances, which can also be found on the W-4 form • Current employee wages/salaries, additions, deductions, and company contributions • Sick and vacation time policies and hours accrued
Direct Deposit Information	<p>Note: This is an optional feature that requires additional fees.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For each employee you want to pay using Direct Deposit, you need bank account and routing numbers.
Year-to-Date History	<p>Note: You need to enter year-to-date amounts only if you start using QuickBooks Payroll after January 1 of the calendar year and if you have already run payroll at least once since January 1. (If you start using QuickBooks Payroll after January 1 but have not run a payroll yet this calendar year, you have no year-to-date information to enter.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quarterly and pay period summaries of employee payroll amounts from the beginning of this calendar year to the beginning of the current quarter • Paycheck information from the beginning of the current quarter to today
Liability Payment Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quarterly and pay period summaries of payroll liability payments from the beginning of this year to your start date • Copies of payroll liability checks from the first day of the current quarter until today • Payment and filing methods • Deposit frequencies

Setting Up Your Business | Setting up Employees

New Employee: Personal Tab



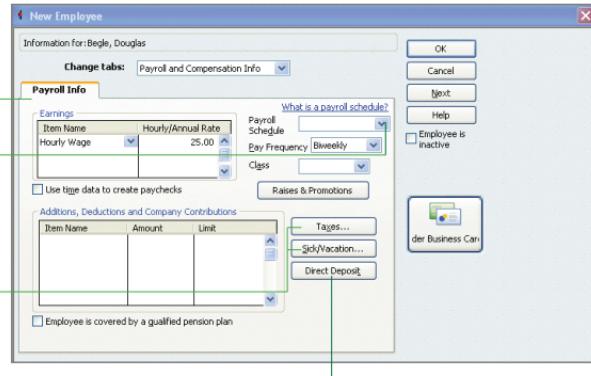
Enter the employee's personal information, including the employee's Social Security number and the name to be printed on paychecks.

3

Enter the employee's address and contact information in the Address and Contact tab.

4

Edit Employee: Payroll Info



Enter additional payroll data like wages, taxes, bonuses, mileage reimbursements, health insurance deductions, and 401(k) contributions in the Payroll Info tab.

4

If you're using payroll schedules, click the drop-down arrow and select a payroll schedule to assign to the employee. The Pay Frequency field updates and becomes grayed out.

Enter tax information, sick time, and vacation time.

If you are using the Direct Deposit service of QuickBooks Payroll or Assisted Payroll, click Direct Deposit to enter the employee's bank information.

Setting up Employees

To process paychecks and prepare tax documents for your **employees**, you need to enter specific information about each of your employees in QuickBooks.

Note: If you are a QuickBooks Payroll subscriber, you will be prompted to add all of your employee information during payroll setup (described on page 47). Use the following procedure to edit employee information or to add additional employees at a later date.

Refer to the Payroll Setup Checklist on page 49 for a list of employee information to gather. (A PDF version of the Payroll Setup Checklist is available online at www.payroll.com/support/PDFs/Misc/Payroll_Setup_Checklist.pdf.)

To set up an employee's personal information:

- 1 Click the **Employee Center** icon at the top of the QuickBooks window.
- 2 Click **New Employee**.
- 3 On the **Personal** tab, fill in the form.
- 4 Click the **Address and Contact** tab, fill in the form, and then click **OK**.
- 5 When prompted to set up the employee's payroll information, click **Leave As Is**.

To set up an employee's payroll information:

- 1 Click the **Employee Center** icon at the top of the QuickBooks window.
- 2 Click the **Employees** tab and then double-click the employee's name.
- 3 From the **Change tabs** drop-down list, click **Payroll and Compensation Info**.
- 4 Fill in the **Payroll Info** form.
- 5 Click the **Taxes** button.
- 6 Click the **Federal** tab and fill in the form, based on the employee's W-4 information.
- 7 Click the **State** tab and fill in the form.
- 8 Click **OK**.

Once you've set up your employees, refer to "Paying Employees" on page 69 to learn about paying them.

Key Term

Employees

Employees are people who work for your company. Employees can work full-time or part-time. If you have workers who need a 1099 (for example, subcontractors), set them up as vendors, not employees.

Did You Know?

Is the company owner an employee?

Generally, people in business for themselves are not employees of the company. However, if your company is incorporated, working corporate officers are considered employees. Check with your accountant or payroll professional to determine if the owner should be considered an employee and then set up the owner accordingly in QuickBooks.

Money In | Creating an Estimate

Create Estimates

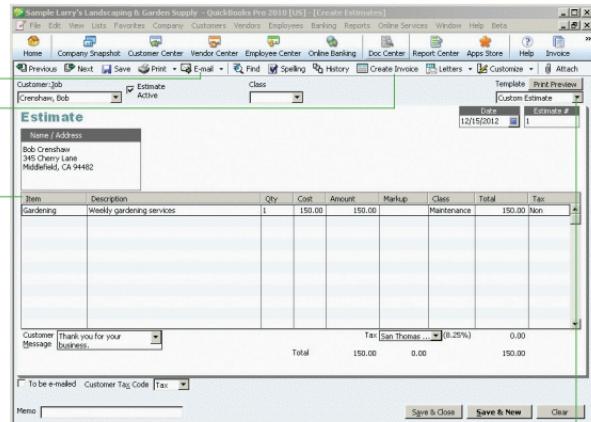
Print and mail or e-mail estimates to your customer.

6

When you're ready to bill the customer, click here to convert this estimate to an invoice.

5

Choose items to add to the estimate or create new items.



Choose the Estimate template you want to use, or create your own.

Creating an Estimate

You can use the **estimate** form to prepare estimates, bids, quotes, or proposals for your customers. You can change the title “Estimate” to anything that suits your business.

Filling in the estimate is similar to creating an invoice. And when it’s time to bill your customer, you can create the invoice directly from the estimate by clicking Create Invoice on the estimate’s toolbar. QuickBooks then creates the invoice, with all the information from the estimate filled in. Later, you can create reports that compare your estimated costs and revenue against your actual costs and revenue to see how accurate your estimates are.

To create an estimate:

- 1 If necessary, turn on Estimates (described below), if you didn’t do this during the EasyStep Interview.
- 2 Choose the **Customers** menu and choose **Create Estimates**.
- 3 Enter the name of the customer or job.
- 4 Click the **Templates** drop-down menu and select an estimate template.
- 5 Fill in the estimate form.
- 6 Click **Print**.
- 7 Save the estimate.

To turn on the estimates feature:

- 1 Choose the **Edit** menu and choose **Preferences**.
- 2 Click **Jobs & Estimates** in the list on the left and then click the **Company Preferences** tab.
- 3 Click **Yes** to the question, “Do You Create Estimates?”
- 4 To have QuickBooks warn you when you try to record an estimate with the same number as the existing estimate, select the **Warn about duplicate estimates numbers** checkbox.
- 5 If you do progress invoicing:
 - Make sure **Yes** is selected in response to the question, “Do You Do Progress Invoicing?”
 - Specify whether you want line items that have zero amounts to print on your progress invoice
- 6 Click **OK**.

Key Term

Estimate

An estimate is a form you use to itemize the work you propose to do or the products you intend to sell to a customer. Your company might use a different term, such as bid, grant, or proposal. Estimates are optional, not mandatory, for all businesses.

Did You Know?

Using sales orders

In QuickBooks Premier and Enterprise Solutions editions, you can create sales orders to help you keep track of items that your customers have ordered but you have not yet delivered to them, for example because you do not have them in stock.

Refer to the in-product Help for instructions and tips on how to use sales orders.

Customizing forms

You can easily customize the look of your estimates using the new online customization tool. See “Customizing Business Forms” on pages 24–25 for more information.

Money In | Creating an Invoice

Create Invoices

Print and mail or e-mail invoices to your customer.

6

Choose items to add to the invoice or create new items.

5

The screenshot shows the 'Create Invoices' window in QuickBooks. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons like Previous, Next, Print, Send, Find, Spelling, History, Letters, and Customize. Below the toolbar, the customer is set to 'Baker, Chris'. The main area is titled 'Invoice' and shows the 'BILL TO' section with the address: 'Baker, Chris, 415 W. Desert Bloom, Blytheville, CA 94520'. To the right, the header includes 'DATE' (12/15/2007), 'INVOICE #' (94), 'SHIP TO' dropdown, 'TERMS' (Net 30), and 'DUE DATE' (01/14/2008). The body of the invoice lists one item: 'Concrete Slab' with a quantity of 15 and a rate of 75.00, totaling 1,125.00. The tax is San Tomas at 7.75%, adding 86.25 to the total. At the bottom, there are checkboxes for 'To be printed' and 'To be e-mailed', and buttons for 'Add Time/Costs...', 'Apply Credits...', 'Customer Tag Code', 'Tax', 'Payments Applied', 'Balance Due', 'Save & Close', 'Save & New', and 'Clear'. A note at the bottom left says 'Let QuickBooks help you get your Invoice paid online by credit card.'

3

Choose the Invoice template you want to use or create your own.

Creating an Invoice

When your customers don't pay you in full at the time you provide your service or product, or when they pay in advance, you need to track how much they owe you. You can use an **invoice** to help you keep track of what your customers owe you (or your "accounts receivable").

Invoices list all the details about the sale, including the services you're providing or the products you're selling (your "items"). Invoices also show the quantity and price or rate of each item. If you need to make automatic adjustments to prices (for example, discounts or markups), invoices will work for you.

Note: *If your customers pay in full at the time of purchase, do not create an invoice. Instead, create a sales receipt, described on page 57.*

To create an invoice:

- ① Choose the **Customers** menu and choose **Create Invoices**.
- ② In the **Customer:Job** drop-down list, enter a name or select the name of the customer or job.
- ③ Click the **Template** drop-down arrow and then select the invoice template you want to use.
- ④ Click the **Terms** drop-down arrow and then select the sales terms that apply to this customer.
- ⑤ In the lower part of the form, enter each of the items (including the proper quantity) that the customer has purchased.
- ⑥ Click **Print** on the toolbar to print the invoice now. Optionally, you can select the **To be printed** checkbox to print the form later or the **To be e-mailed** checkbox to e-mail the form later.
- ⑦ Save the invoice.

Tip: You can customize your invoices (or any other sales form) for your business. Click **Customize** to open the new forms customization tool that you can use to give all your forms a consistent, professional look in just four simple steps. See "Customizing Business Forms" on pages 24–25 for more information.

Key Term

Invoice

An invoice is the form you use to charge customers for the products and services they purchase from you.

Did You Know?

You can create an invoice letter directly from the invoice form by clicking the **Letters** button on the Create Invoices toolbar. Refer to the in-product Help for more detailed information about this feature.

Money In | Entering Sales Receipts

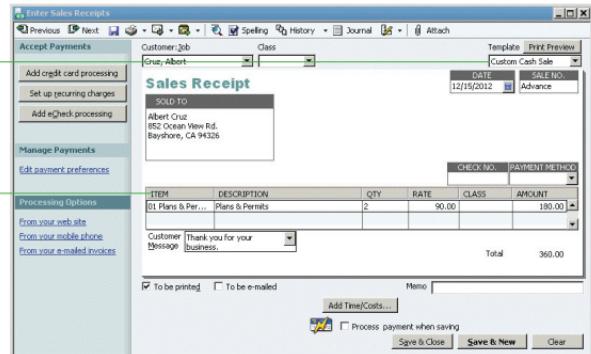
Sales Receipt

Choose the Sales Receipts template you want to use or create your own.

3

Choose items to add to the Sales Receipt or create new items.

4



Entering Sales Receipts

When your customers pay in full at the time they receive your service or product, you don't need to track how much they owe you. However, you might want to record the sale, calculate its sales tax, or print a receipt for the sale. In these cases, you can create a *sales receipt*.

Examples of businesses that commonly use sales receipts include beauty salons, pet groomers, dry cleaners, and restaurants.

Note: If you need to track how much a customer owes you or you do not receive full payment at the time of the transaction, do not use a sales receipt. Instead, create an invoice, described on page 55.

To enter a sales receipt:

- ① Choose the **Customers** menu and choose **Enter Sales Receipts**.
- ② Fill in the top part of the form, including the Customer:Job, Date, and Payment Method.
- ③ Click the **Template** drop-down arrow and then select the sales receipt template you want to use.
- ④ In the bottom part of the form, select or enter the items purchased.

Tip: You can customize your sales receipts (or any other sales form) for your business. Click **Customize** to open the new forms customization tool that you can use to give all your forms a consistent, professional look in just four simple steps. See “Customizing Business Forms” on pages 24–25 for more information.

Key Term

Sales Receipt

A sales receipt is the form you use when you make a sale for which you receive full payment at the time of the sale. Sales receipts can include payments by cash, check, or credit card.

Did You Know?

You can also use a sales receipt to create a summary of sales income and sales tax owed. You can summarize daily or weekly sales on a sales receipt.

Money In | Receiving a Payment

Receive Payments

Select a customer from the drop-down list.

2

The checkmark next to the invoice tells QuickBooks to apply the payment to this invoice.

3

Customer Payment

Received From: Crenshaw, Bob Customer Balance: 1,776.03

Amount: 150.00 Date: 12/15/2012
Pmt. Method: Check Check #: 10023
Memo: Where does this payment go?

Process payment when saving					Find a Customer/Invoice...
Date	Number	Orig. Amt.	Amt. Due	Payment	
11/25/2012	136	1,575.00	1,575.00	0.00	
12/10/2012	FC 8	16.03	16.03	0.00	
12/15/2012	142	36.00	36.00	0.00	
✓ 12/15/2012	143	150.00	150.00	150.00	

Totals: 1,776.03 1,776.03 150.00

Amounts for Selected Invoices:
Amount Due: 150.00
Un-Apply Payment: Applied: 150.00
Discount & Credits: Discount and Credits Applied: 0.00

Save & Close Save & New Clear

Receiving a Payment

When you receive money from a customer, you must receive the payment in QuickBooks so QuickBooks can record the transaction and mark the invoice as being paid. When you receive a payment, the accounts receivable records are updated, and the payment is ready to be deposited into an account.

To receive a payment:

- ① Choose the **Customers** menu and choose **Receive Payments**.
- ② Fill in the top portion of the form, including the customer's name, the payment amount, payment method, and the date on which the payment was received.
- ③ Check the column to the left of the invoice to which you want to apply the payment. You might be asked to decide how to apply the payment for one of the following scenarios:
 - Overpayment can become a credit or refund
 - Underpayment can be left as is or written off
 - Customer has unused credit to be applied
 - Customer has available discounts
- ④ Choose the appropriate selection and you should see your choices reflected in total amounts for selected invoices.
If the customer has a discount or available credits, you can choose how to apply them.
- ⑤ Save the payment.

Did You Know?

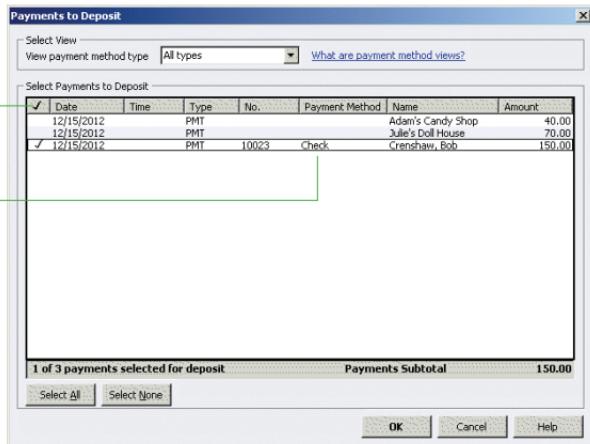
You can set a preference so that payments received:

- Automatically go to the undeposited funds account
- Automatically get calculated and applied as you select invoices in the list

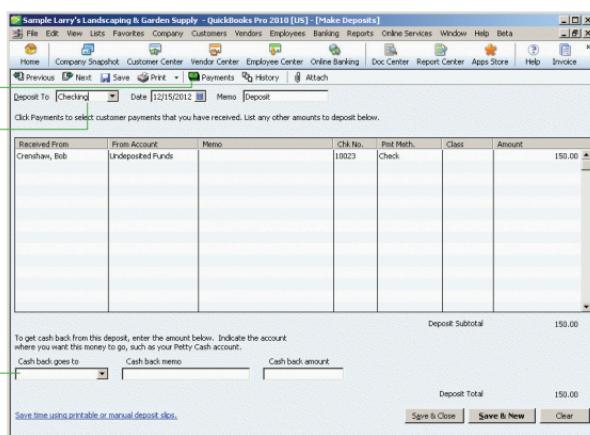
Choose the **Edit** menu, choose **Preferences**, and then click the **Company Preferences** tab in the **Sales & Customers** area to set this preference.

Money In | Making a Deposit

Payments to Deposit



Make Deposits



Record cash back from a deposit by specifying the account and amount here.

5

Making a Deposit

When you receive a payment from a customer, you can either deposit the payment into a bank account immediately, or you can wait until a later time to make the deposit.

To make a deposit:

- ① Choose the **Banking** menu and choose **Make Deposits**.
- ② In the **Payments to Deposit** window, select the payments that you want to deposit and click **OK**.
- ③ In the **Make Deposits** window, click the **Deposit To** drop-down arrow and then select the account to which you want to deposit the funds.
- ④ Verify the date and the list of payments to deposit, making updates as necessary.
- ⑤ If you want to receive cash back from this deposit, fill in the **Cash Back** fields at the bottom of the form.
- ⑥ If you want to print a deposit slip or deposit summary, click **Print**.
- ⑦ Save the deposit.

Note: Just because you've recorded the deposit in QuickBooks doesn't mean you've actually made the deposit and that the money is available. You still need to physically deposit the money at the bank or send an online transfer.

Money Out | Paying Bills

Enter Bills

The screenshot shows the 'Enter Bills' window in QuickBooks. A callout box with number 2 points to the 'Vendor' field, which contains 'Gallion Masonry'. Another callout box with number 3 points to the 'Amount Due' field, which is set to '\$1,550.00'. A third callout box with number 4 points to the 'Terms' dropdown, which is set to 'Net 30'. A fourth callout box with number 5 points to the 'Account' dropdown in the 'Expenses' section, which is set to 'Job Expenses: Job Materials'.

Choose or enter the name of the vendor who sent you the bill.

Enter the amount due here.

Select the payment terms here and QuickBooks will autofill the Bill Due date for you.

Assign the bill to one or more expense accounts.

Bill Received

Bill

Vendor: Gallion Masonry Date: 07/20/2007

Address: Gallion Masonry
189 Old Bayshore Rd
Bayshore CA 94326 Ref. No.

Amount Due: \$1,550.00

Bill Due: 08/19/2007

Terms: Net 30 Discount Date:

Memo:

Expenses: \$1,550.00 Items: \$0.00

Account	Amount	Memo	Customer:Job
Job Expenses: Job Materials	\$1,550.00		

Clear Splits Recalculate Save & Close Save & New Clear

Pay Bills

The screenshot shows the 'Pay Bills' window in QuickBooks. A callout box with number 2 points to the 'Select Bills to be Paid' checkbox, which is checked for several bills. Another callout box with number 3 points to the 'Go to Bill' button, which is highlighted in red. A third callout box with number 4 points to the 'Bill Ref. No.' dropdown, which is set to 'Kershaw Computer Se...'. A fourth callout box with number 5 points to the 'Payment Account' dropdown, which is set to 'Checking'.

Click here to display all unpaid bills or all bills that are due before a specific date.

The checkmark indicates the bills you've chosen to pay.

Date Due Vendor Ref. No. Disc. Date Amt. Due Disc. Used Credits Used Amt. To Pay

Date Due	Vendor	Ref. No.	Disc. Date	Amt. Due	Disc. Used	Credits Used	Amt. To Pay
05/31/2007	Kershaw Computer Services			13,000.00	0.00	0.00	13,000.00
05/31/2007	Kershaw Computer Services			6,500.00	0.00	0.00	6,500.00
10/25/2007	Sergeant Insurance		Q4/03	712.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
11/28/2007	A Cheung Limited			1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11/28/2007	A Cheung Limited			2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11/29/2007	Wheeler's Tile Etc.			311.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12/20/2007	Hopkins Construction Rentals			550.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12/23/2007	Hopkins Construction Rentals			150.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12/24/2007	Middlefield Drywall			1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Total: 25,923.56 Amt. To Pay: 19,500.00

Clear Selections

Discount & Credit Information for Highlighted Bill

Vendor: Kershaw Computer Se... Terms: Net 30 Number of Credits: 0

Bill Ref. No.: 0.00 Total Credits Available: 0.00

Sugg. Discount: Set Discount: Set Credits: 0.00

Payment Account: Checking Payment Method: Check To be printed: Assign check no: Payment Date: 12/15/2007

Go to Bill Pay Selected Bills Cancel

Click Go to Bill to view the bill that corresponds to the selected bill.

Paying Bills

As you purchase equipment, supplies, products, or services to run your business, you will also receive bills that need to be paid. Entering these bills in QuickBooks enables you to not only track information about your purchases, but also to pay these bills. QuickBooks remembers all of your unpaid bills, enabling you to easily choose the bills you want to pay. QuickBooks then writes and saves the checks or credit card charges or sends the online banking payment instructions, depending on the payment method you choose.

Note: Before paying a bill, be sure you read the section “Writing checks versus paying bills” on page 11 to make sure you are using the correct payment method.

To enter a bill:

- ① Choose the **Vendors** menu and choose **Enter Bills**.
- ② In the **Vendor** field, choose or enter a new vendor.

Note: If an open purchase order exists for this vendor, you are prompted to receive against it. Click **Yes** to receive against one or more purchase orders; then, in the **Open Purchase Orders** window, click each purchase order that contains items you've received and are being billed for.

- ③ Specify the **Payment Method**, **Payment Account**, and **Payment Date**.
- ④ In the **Amount Due** field, enter the amount of the bill.
- ⑤ Fill in the **Date**, **Ref. No.**, **Terms**, and **Memo** fields as necessary.
- ⑥ For **expenses** (money you spend to run your business, such as utilities), assign the bill to one or more expense accounts on the **Expenses** tab.
For **items** (products or services your business buys), edit items that were entered from your purchase order or enter new items on the **Items** tab.
- ⑦ Click **Save & Close** or click **Save & New** to enter the transaction.

To pay a bill:

- ① Go to the **Vendors** menu and click **Pay Bills**.
- ② All outstanding bills are displayed. To limit the number of bills displayed, click **Due on or before** and then click the due date for the bills you want to display.
- ③ Click **Pay Selected Bills** to complete the transaction.

Did You Know?

Writing checks vs. paying bills

Do not use the **Write Checks** window to write a paycheck, pay your payroll liabilities, pay sales tax, or pay bills you've already entered in the **Enter Bills** window.

Refer to the in-product Help for more information on how to make these types of payments.

Paying employees

Refer to page 69 for instructions on paying employees.

Paying bills

You don't need to use the **Pay Bills** window to pay your bills. You can enter checks, credit card payments, and cash expenditures directly in the appropriate account register. However, if you enter bills using either the **Enter Bills** window or the **Accounts Payable** register, you must use the **Pay Bills** window for your bill payment. Do not use the **Write Checks** window to pay a bill that you've entered with either of these methods.

Money Out | Writing Checks

Write Checks

Indicates the account from which the funds will be taken for this check.

2

Fill out the check just like you would a paper check.

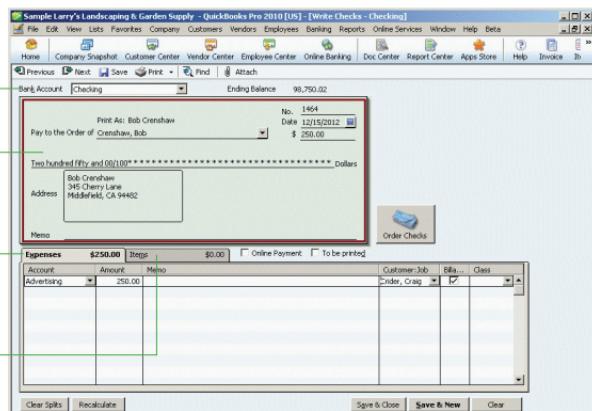
3

Use the Expenses tab to itemize purchases you make to run your business, such as job materials or utility costs.

4

Use the Items tab to itemize the products and services you've bought with or without a purchase order.

5

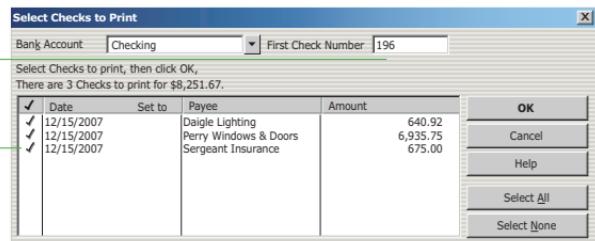


Select Checks to Print

Make sure that the checks in your printer correspond to the check number entered here.

4

Click here to choose the checks you want to print.



Writing Checks

You can write a check for any kind of expense that you track with QuickBooks expense accounts and for non-inventory part, service, and other charge items. If you are using inventory or purchase orders (Premier only), you can write checks for inventory part items too.

Note: Before writing a check, be sure you read the section “Writing checks versus paying bills” on page 11 to make sure you are using the correct payment method.

To write a check:

- ① Choose the **Banking** menu and choose **Write Checks**.
- ② Click the **Bank Account** drop-down arrow and then select the account from which you want to write the check.
- ③ Fill in the onscreen check as you would a paper check.
- ④ Itemize your expenses (shipping charges, taxes, or other expenses not associated with any one item) on the **Expenses** tab.
- ⑤ If you are purchasing items for your inventory, enter the items on the **Items** tab.
- ⑥ Save the transaction.

To find and print a single check:

- ① Load the blank check form into the printer.
- ② Go to the **Banking** menu and click **Write Checks**.
- ③ Click the **Find** button and search for the check you want to print.
- ④ Double-click to view the check you want to print.
- ⑤ Click **Print**.
- ⑥ In the **Print Checks** window, choose the options you want and click **Print**.

Note: To learn how to print multiple checks at the same time, refer to the in-product Help.

Did You Know?

Writing checks vs. paying bills

You should not use the **Write Checks** window to write a paycheck, pay your payroll liabilities, pay sales tax, or pay bills you've already entered in the **Enter Bills** window.

Paying employees

Refer to page 69 for instructions on paying employees. You may be able to download credit card, debit card and other bank transactions right into QuickBooks instead of manually entering them. To learn more go to help and search on “online banking.”

Money Out | Issuing Credits or Refunds

Credit Memo

Select the template you want to use, or create your own.

3

Enter the name of the returned item here.

2

Describe the reason for the return.

5

Select whether to print and/or e-mail a copy to the customer.

7

The screenshot shows the 'Create Credit Memos/Refunds' application window. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons and dropdown menus. Below the toolbar, the title 'Credit Memo' is displayed. A 'SOLD TO' section shows 'Customer_C' with address details: '15 - Desert Room', 'Sone C', and '2'. The main grid area contains a single row for a credit memo. The first column is labeled 'IT' and has a dropdown menu showing 'Labor'. The second column is labeled 'D S' and has a dropdown menu showing 'Job took 5 fewer hours than billed'. The third column is labeled 'OPTION' and has a dropdown menu showing 'NTIT'. The fourth column is labeled 'T' and has a dropdown menu showing '5'. The fifth column is labeled 'O NT' and has a dropdown menu showing '350.00 Non'. The sixth column is labeled 'T x' and has a dropdown menu showing '7.75'. The seventh column is labeled '0.00'. The eighth column is labeled 'Total' and shows '350.00'. Below the grid, there's a note: 'Customer Messa e The listed amount will be credited to your account'. At the bottom of the window, there are several checkboxes: 'To be printed' (checked), 'To be e-mailed' (checked), 'Customer Tax Code' (dropdown menu showing 'Tx'), and 'Remaining Credit' (text field showing '350.00'). There are also buttons for 'Save', 'Close', 'Print', and 'Cancel'.

Issuing Credits or Refunds

Use a **credit memo** to record a credit when a customer returns items and you've already recorded an invoice, customer payment, or sales receipt. You can also use a credit memo for an overpayment.

To enter a credit memo or record a return:

- ① Choose the **Customers** menu and choose **Create Credit Memos/Refunds**.
- ② In the **Customer:Job** field, click the customer and job for which you are creating the credit memo or refund check.
- ③ Click the **Template** drop-down arrow and select a template.
- ④ Enter the items being returned in the line item area.
- ⑤ Describe the reason for the credit and enter the quality and rate, if applicable.
- ⑥ (Optional) Enter a memo for this transaction.

Note: If you have created more than one job for the customer, be sure to assign the credit memo to the correct job. You can apply the credit memo only to the same job for which it was created.

- ⑦ Indicate whether you want to print or e-mail the credit memo to the customer. (You can choose to do both.)
- ⑧ Save the credit memo.
- ⑨ In the **Available Credit** window, choose how to use the credit. You can:
 - Retain as an available credit
 - Give a refund
 - Apply it to an invoice

Note: QuickBooks enters a negative amount in your *Accounts Receivable* register for the credit memo.

Key Term

Credit memo

A document that notifies a customer that you have reduced the customer's balance. For example, when a customer cancels a sale, returns something, or overpays.

Money Out | Paying Employees

Enter Hours and Select Employees to Pay

QuickBooks records the checks in this bank account.

Specify a check date and pay-period end date for the paychecks you create.

QuickBooks creates a paycheck for each employee name marked with a checkmark.

Review paychecks and enter hours worked, sick or vacation time, commissions, or other variations from pay period to pay period by clicking the employee's name.

3

2

4

6

Employee	Regular Pay	Overtime ...	Sick Hourly	Vacation ...	Salary	Total Hours
Dan T. Miller	80:00				80:00	
Elizabeth N. Mason	80:00				80:00	
Greg O. Schneider	80:00				80:00	

Review and Create Paychecks

If an employee is set up for direct deposit, select the Direct Dep. checkbox for that employee.

Choose whether paychecks should be printed from QuickBooks or written later by hand.

Review paychecks and enter hours worked, sick or vacation time, commissions, or other variations from pay period to pay period by clicking the employee's name.

9

10

Employee	Gross Pay	Taxes	Deductions	Net Pay	Employer Tax Contributions	Total Hours	Direct Dep.
Dan T. Miller	1,596.15	-244.72	0.00	1,355.43	122.19	266.11	
Elizabeth N. Mason	1,180.00	-244.02	0.00	935.98	90.27	121.18	80:00
Greg O. Schneider	1,300.00	-301.32	-12.50	1,066.18	105.57	13.11	80:00

Paying Employees

Paying employees is a big responsibility. You have to keep track of hours, salaries and wages, Social Security numbers and dependents, tax rates and forms, vacation and sick time, bonuses and advances, as well as company payments to government and private pension plans. QuickBooks provides several features and services to help you manage your own payroll quickly and easily.

Note: For information about your payroll options in QuickBooks, choose the **Employees** menu, choose **My Payroll Service**, and then choose **Change Payroll Service Options**.

To print paychecks:

- ① Choose the **Employees** menu, choose **Pay Employees**, and then specify whether you want to pay employees using Unscheduled Payroll (generally used to pay bonuses and off-cycle checks) or set up Payroll Schedules.
- ② Update the **Pay Period Ends** date and the **Check Date** values, as needed.
- ③ Click the **Bank Account** drop-down arrow to choose the account that QuickBooks uses to record this transaction.
- ④ Select the employees you want to pay by clicking in the column to the left of the employee's name.
- ⑤ Review the paycheck information in the **Enter Payroll information** window.
- ⑥ To preview or modify a paycheck, click the employee's name to open the **Preview Paycheck** window. Make any necessary changes and click **Done**.
- ⑦ Click **Continue**.
- ⑧ Review and verify the paycheck information in the **Review and Create Paychecks** window.
- ⑨ If employees are set up for direct deposit, click the **Direct Deposit** checkbox next to each employee to be paid by direct deposit.
- ⑩ In the **Paycheck Options** section, select whether the paychecks should be printed or handwritten.
- ⑪ Click **Create Paychecks**.
- ⑫ In the **Confirmation and Next Steps** window that appears, click **Print Paychecks**. Click **Send Payroll to Intuit** if you're sending your payroll to Intuit for processing.

Did You Know

Intuit Payroll Services

Intuit offers a variety of payroll services to meet your needs. QuickBooks Basic Payroll includes tools and tax tables to help you efficiently run your payroll and pay your payroll taxes. (Basic Payroll does **not** include payroll tax forms.)

QuickBooks Enhanced Payroll

Payroll adds state tax forms, tools for tracking workers' compensation costs, and tools for easily calculating bonuses. Enhanced Payroll lets you to process payroll for up to three business entities (EINs).

QuickBooks Enhanced Payroll for Accountants

includes all of this, plus after-the-fact payroll, client-ready reports, and the ability to process payroll for up to 50 specific businesses.

With **QuickBooks Assisted Payroll**, Intuit handles your tax payment and filings for you.

All QuickBooks payroll services offer direct deposit of employee paychecks for a small additional fee. For more information about payroll services, go to the **Employees** menu and click **My Payroll Service**.

Managing Your Business | Using Reports

Report Center: Getting there

Click the Report Center icon to open the Report Center.



Report Center: Finding your way around

Learn to manage, use, and make the most of reports in the Learning Center.

Download reports and get FAQs and tips from the Intuit Community Reports Library.

View reports in different formats: Carousel view (shown here), List view, and Grid view.

Tabs organize your reports so they're easy to find (Standard, Memorized, Favorites, and reports you've run recently).

Click a category to see the reports in that category.



Adjust the start and end dates.

Display the report.

Learn more about the report.

Mark the report as a favorite.

Using Reports to see how your business is doing

One of QuickBooks' most robust features is its ability to generate data-rich reports about your business. Everything you enter in QuickBooks can be found and generated into a report.

QuickBooks comes with dozens of prepared reports you can run, and you can download additional reports from the Intuit Community reports library at community.intuit.com/library/reports.

The Learning Center helps you learn about QuickBooks reports and locate the ones that will give you the information you need. Once you've found a report, you can change its date range, customize the way it looks, print a copy of it, export it to Microsoft Excel, or display it on your screen.

To find and display the right report:

- ① Click the **Report Center** icon at the top of the QuickBooks window. The **Standard** tab lists the standard report categories.
- ② Click a category on the left to see the reports in that category on the right.
- ③ When you find the report you want, click its name to view the report.
 - To learn more about the report, click the question mark icon .
 - When viewing a report, you can also use the controls at the top of the page to modify, memorize, print, email, export and further customize your report:



Did You Know

Customizing a report

QuickBooks provides many preset reports that focus on all aspects of your business finances.

However, you might want to change the way the data is displayed, or filter the report for specific information. To get the most out of your QuickBooks reports, you can:

- Change the data range of a report
- Change the scope of a report
- Modify the appearance of a report (changing fonts or columns widths)

To learn how to get the most out of your reports, go to the Report Center and click the **Learning Center** button near the top of the window.

Tip: From the QuickBooks Centers, get a quick snapshot of how your business is doing and the status of your relationships with customers, vendors, and employees. You can easily see all of your unpaid bills, all invoices your customers haven't paid, and the detailed history of each customer and vendor. For more information about the QuickBooks Centers, refer to "QuickBooks Centers" on page 6 and the in-product Help.

How to Use Reports to Find the Information You Want

The QuickBooks Report Center describes all the available reports. Here are 10 common questions that people ask and the QuickBooks report you can use to find the answer.

To answer this question ...	Use this report
How much money did my company make or lose over a specific period of time?	Profit & Loss Standard (in Company & Financial)
Which invoices or statement charges haven't been paid and when are they due?	A/R Aging Detail (in Customers & Receivables)
How much does my company owe each vendor and are any payments overdue?	A/P Aging Detail (in Vendors & Payables)
What is the value of my company (its assets, liabilities, and equity), and where can I see the total balance for each type of account?	Balance Sheet Summary (in Company & Financial)
What is the recent activity in all my company's accounts, with beginning and ending balances for each account?	General Ledger (in Accountant & Taxes)
What are the total sales for each customer and job?	Sales by Customer Summary (in Sales)
Which items and/or services bring in the most/least income?	Sales by Item Summary (in Sales)
What are my company's total expenses for each vendor?	Expenses by Vendor Summary (in Company & Financial)
Where is the information I need for my federal income tax forms?	Income Tax Summary Income Tax Detail (in Accountant & Taxes)
For my company's total sales, how much is taxable, at what rate, and how much sales tax is currently due to be paid?	Sales Tax Liability (in Vendors & Payables)

Marking reports as favorites

If you have favorite reports, you can mark them as favorites and add them to your **Favorites** tab. When you view a report, click the  to mark it as a favorite .

Memorizing a report for reuse

Whenever you change the settings for a report (modify it), you can memorize the report with the new settings and save it on the **Memorized** tab. Then, when you want to create a similar report, you can click the **Memorized** tab to find it.

Note: QuickBooks memorizes the report settings, not the data in the report. When you display a memorized report, it applies the settings you memorized, but displays the latest data. For example, if the report date is set for the period *Last Month* and you memorize the report in September but recall it in December, the recalled report will have data for November, not August.

To memorize a report:

- ① Click the **Report Center** icon at the top of the QuickBooks window.
- ② Open the report you want to modify and save.
- ③ After you have customized a report, click **Memorize** at the top of the report.
- ④ If you have changed an existing memorized report, indicate whether you want QuickBooks to replace the earlier report (under the same name) or create a new memorized report (under a new name).
- ⑤ In the **Memorize Report** window, enter a title for the report.
- ⑥ If you want to assign the report to a memorized report group, click the **Save in Memorized Report Group** checkbox and choose the group from the drop-down list. (You must already have the group set up on your **Memorized Report List**. You cannot create a new group here.)
- ⑦ Click **OK**.

Tip: When you create a report, you can change the way it looks (reformat it). You can change the fonts, change the header and footer, and resize the columns.

You can also move and sort the data that the report contains. For example, you can add or delete columns, sort by columns, move columns, change how numbers display, change how transactions sort, and change the subtotal groupings.

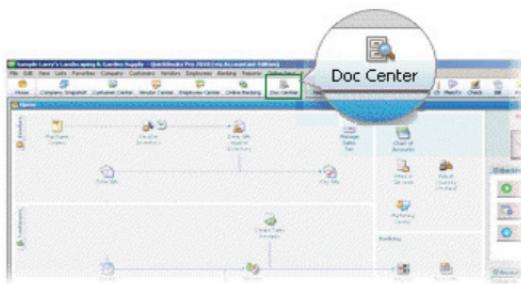
For more information about how to modify the look and content for a report, refer to the in-product Help.

Managing Your Business | Attach Documents in QuickBooks

Getting started with Document Management

Click the Doc Center icon to open the Doc Center.

Or click Company > Document Management > Learn About Document Management.



Sign in to your Intuit Account. If you don't have one, you can create it.

Welcome to Intuit Workplace.
Your online destination for business software.

Don't have an Intuit Account?
Create one now.

If you don't already subscribe to an Intuit online service, create an Intuit Account.

[Create Account](#)

Already subscribe to an Intuit Service?
Sign in with your Intuit Account.

User ID: [Forgot your User ID?](#)

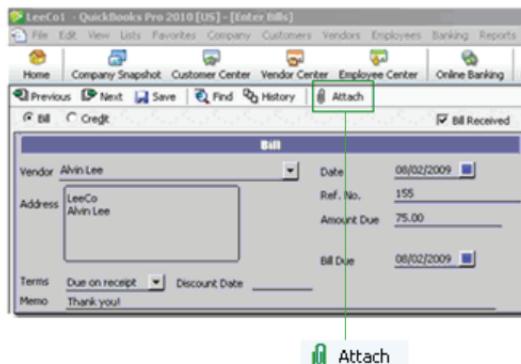
Password: [Forgot your Password?](#)

[Sign In](#)

Once you link your company file with the Document Management service, click the **Attach** button to attach one or more documents to a transaction.

Document Management: Attach documents to your QuickBooks records

When you attach a document, the paperclip turns green to indicate there's an attachment.



About Document Management

If you've ever wanted to attach documents to the records you create in QuickBooks, you can do it using the QuickBooks Document Management service.¹

The Document Management service lets you attach documents to your QuickBooks records and stay organized by keeping all of your uploaded documents in one central location.

To use the Document Management service, sign up and choose the subscription that works best for you. (For details about subscriptions, follow the sign-up steps and get current pricing and subscription information.)

You can attach local files from your computer, files you've added to the Document Management inbox, and files from a scanner. With the free account you can attach approximately 1000 documents from local files from your computer, files you've added to the Document Management inbox, and files from a scanner.²

Note: If you use more than one company file, you must sign up each company file for the service.

To sign up:

- ① In your QuickBooks company file, choose **Company > Document Management > Learn About Document Management**.
- ② Click the **Sign Me Up** button.
- ③ Follow the onscreen instructions to complete the sign-up process.

To attach documents to your QuickBooks records:

- ① Click the **Attach** button or paperclip icon in any QuickBooks record.
- ② In the **Attachments** window, click the appropriate button (**Local Files**, **Online Document Inbox**, or **Scanner**) and locate the file to attach.
- ③ Select the file and click **OK**.

To view an attachment, click the green paperclip.

-
1. Internet access required for online services.
 2. Scanner not included. Only TWAIN compliant scanners and Fujitsu Scansnap s300 supported. Maximum 100 MB per file. Total free storage 100 MB or about 1000 two-page PDFs.

Did You Know

More than just attaching documents

The Document Management service gives you more than the ability to attach documents to your business transactions. It's a service that lets you organize all of your business documents in one place.

All of your important business documents are easy-to-find, backed up online, and simple to share with accountants, employees, and others. (You can even scan documents right in QuickBooks, so you'll never lose them again.)

As easy as a paperclip, Document Management lets you save time by attaching any type of document — electronic or scanned files — to any customer, vendor, employee, account, items, or most transactions.

For more information about how to use the Document Management service, refer to the in-product Help.

Managing Your Business | Additional Services and Solutions

Other QuickBooks Services to help you manage your business

QuickBooks business solutions enable you to streamline management of your business and automate essential business activities. QuickBooks business solutions offer easy-to-use, tightly integrated products and services that will enable you to manage your business efficiently and with confidence. (Each service or solution sold separately.)

Intuit products and services include:

- QuickBooks Online Banking
- QuickBooks Bill Pay Service
- QuickBooks Deluxe Online Billing Service
- QuickBooks Remote Access
- QuickBooks Online Backup Service
- QuickBooks Merchant Account Service
- QuickBooks Technical Support Plan
- QuickBooks Checks and Supplies
- QuickBooks Shipping Manager
- QuickBooks Employee Organizer
- QuickBooks Basic Payroll
- QuickBooks Enhanced Payroll
- QuickBooks Assisted Payroll Service
- QuickBooks Point of Sale software or hardware
- QuickBooks Platinum Plus Business Mastercard
- QuickBooks Customer Manager Online
- QuickBooks Client Manager software
- Enhanced Payroll for Accountants

To learn more about these business solutions, go to the **Help** menu and click **Add QuickBooks Services**.

Intuit Workplace App Center – Affordable applications to help your business

New in QuickBooks 2010, Intuit introduces Intuit Workplace Apps – web-based business applications that help you grow your business and work more efficiently. In the QuickBooks navigation bar, click the App Center button to go to the Workplace App Center, where you can discover the right Workplace Apps to help solve your unique business needs.



Why try Intuit Workplace Apps?

- Applications to suit a variety of business needs

From front office to back office, the Workplace App Center points you to applications that help solve your business challenge. Shop and browse the Workplace App Center's key areas:

Run My Business: Need help with everyday tasks, like human resources or organizing your assets and finances? Make it easier to run your business by using applications that share payroll information with employees, automate expense reporting, survey your employees, find ways to make your business green, and more.

Manage My Work: Too much to do? Want to organize your work? Find applications to help you with project management, document management, and task management. Discover ways to collaborate more effectively, such as using web conferencing for meetings.

Grow and Manage My Customers: Worrying about customers? Customers are the lifeblood of any business – whether you're trying to get more or effectively manage the ones you already have. Find applications to help with email marketing and postal campaigns, or try one that lets your customers book appointments online. Check out a contact management or sales management app to instantly share updated customer information among your employees. Optimize your driving routes with an app that organizes customers by location.

Reduce My Costs: Who doesn't want to save more? There are Workplace Apps that can help you save money and streamline your business. Reduce your fax costs with an internet fax application that lets you fax by email (from work, home, or on the road). Or for small businesses, create a virtual phone system so you don't have to invest in hardware and

maintain it. You can even help the environment with an application that analyzes your environmental footprint and makes suggestions for lowering expenses.

The Workplace App Center has new applications available all the time. Visit often to see what's new.¹

- **Affordable for small businesses**

Take advantage of free trials and flexible pricing as you begin using Workplace Apps. As your business grows, the applications grow with you; pay for additional users or features only as you need them.

- **Work where and when you need to**

Workplace Apps help you and your team work anytime, anywhere and let you securely access your business data. These affordable, scalable web-based applications give you the ability to streamline business operations, increase productivity, and save time. And on top of that, you eliminate double data entry, since these applications can sync with your QuickBooks.

- **Conveniently use and manage your Workplace Apps**

Sign in once, in one location to access, view, and manage all of your Workplace Apps.

- **Your Data is Protected and Accessible**

Have confidence that your data transmissions are secure and you can access your data anytime. The Workplace infrastructure is the same data center that processed 18.7 million tax returns through TurboTax for tax year 2008. As you use a Workplace App, know that your QuickBooks financial data is on your desktop and on Intuit servers, protected and accessible.

Find applications that are right for you

In the Workplace App Center, you can view online demos, get in-depth product information, including key features and customer reviews, and use free trials to determine which solutions are right for you before you purchase.

Visit the Intuit Workplace App Center today by clicking the App Center button in QuickBooks, or go directly to <http://workplace.intuit.com>.

¹ The Workplace Apps described above may not be available at all times. Visit the Workplace App Center for the most up-to-date list of applications available.

Keyboard Shortcuts

General	Key	Editing	Key
To start QuickBooks without a company file	Ctrl (while opening)	Edit transaction selected in register or lift	Ctrl + E
To suppress the desktop windows (at Open Company window)	Alt (while opening)	Delete character to right of insertion point	Del
Display product information about your QuickBooks version	F2	Delete character to left of insertion point	Backspace
Close active window	Esc or Ctrl+F4	Delete line from detail area	Ctrl + Del
Record (when black border is around OK, Save and Close, Save and New, or Record)	↔	Insert line in detail area	Ctrl + Ins
Record (always)	Ctrl + ←	Cut selected characters	Ctrl + X
Dates	Key	Copy selected characters	Ctrl + C
Next day	+ (plus key)	Paste cut or copied characters	Ctrl + V
Previous day	- (minus key)	Increase check or other form number by one	+ (plus key)
Today	T	Decrease check or other form number by	- (minus key)
First day of the Week	W	Undo changes made in field	Ctrl + Z
Last day of the weeK	K	Help Window	Key
First day of the Month	M	Display Help in context	F1
Last day of the montH	H	Go to next Help topic	Tab
First day of the Year	Y	Go to previous Help topic	Shift + Tab
Last day of the yeaR	R	Display selected topic	↔
Date calendar	Alt + ↓ (down arrow)		

Activity	Key	Moving around a window	Key
Copy check transaction in register	Ctrl + O	Next field	Tab
Create invoice	Ctrl + I	Previous field	Shift + Tab
Delete check, invoice, transaction, or item from list	Ctrl + D	Beginning of current field	Home
Find transaction	Ctrl + F	End of current field	End
Go to register of transfer account	Ctrl + G	Line below in detail area or on report	Down arrow (↓)
History of A/R or A/P transaction	Ctrl + H	Line above in detail area or on report	Up arrow (↑)
Memorize transaction or report	Ctrl + M	Down one screen	Page Down
New invoice, bill, check or list item in context	Ctrl + N	Up one screen	Page Up
Open account list	Ctrl + A	Next word in field	Ctrl + →
Open Customer Center (Customers & Job list)	Ctrl + J	Previous word in field	Ctrl + ←
Open Help for active window	F1	First item on list or previous month in register	Ctrl + Page Up
Open list (for current drop-down menu)	Ctrl + L	Last item on list or next month in register	Ctrl + Page Down
Open memorized transaction list	Ctrl + T	Close active window	Esc or Ctrl + F4
Open split transaction window in register	Ctrl + R		
Open transaction journal	Ctrl + Y		
Paste copied transaction in register	Ctrl + V		
Print	Ctrl + P		
QuickReport on transaction or list item	Ctrl + Q		
QuickZoom on report	↔		
Show list	Ctrl + S		
Use list item	Ctrl + U		
Write new check	Ctrl + W		